# Study Scheme for PG in Manufacturing Systems Engineering (w.e.f. 23.07.2018)

S.No	Sub. Code	Subject Name	L	т	Р	Hrs	CREDITS
1.	1. PCME-811 Advance Manufacturing Processes				0	3	3
2.	PCME-812	Industrial Automation	3	0	0	3	3
3.	PEME-811	Core Elective -1	3	0	0	3	3
4.	PEME-812	Core Elective-2	3	0	0	3	3
5.	RMAL-811	Research Methodology and IPR		0	0	2	2
6.	ACMH-811	English for Research Paper writing and Professional Communication	2	0	0	2	0
7	PCME-813	Advance Manufacturing Processes lab.	0	0	2	2	1
8.	PCME-814 Industrial Automation lab		0	0	2	2	1
9	PEME-813	PEME-813 Core Elective -1 lab		0	2	2	1
10	PEME-814	Core Elective -2 lab	0	0	2	2	1
		Total	16	0	8	24	18

#### Semester II

S.No	Sub. Code	Subject Name	L	т	Р	Hrs	CREDITS
1.	PCME-821	Modeling and Simulation	3	1	0	4	4
2.	PCME-822	Computer Integrated Manufacturing	3	0	0	3	3
3.	PEME-821	Core Elective -3	3	0	0	3	3
4.	PEME-822	Core Elective -4	3	0	0	3	3
5.	ACMH-821	Constitution of India	2	0	0	2	0
6.	PCME-823	Modeling and Simulation lab	0	0	2	2	1
7	PCME-824	Computer Integrated Manufacturing Systems lab	0	0	4	4	2
8	PEME-823	Core Elective -3 lab	0	0	2	2	1
9	PCME-825	Seminar	0	0	2	2	1
		Total	14	1	10	25	18

Students are encouraged to go to industrial training / Internship during summer break

### Semester III

S.No	Sub. Code	Subject Name	L	Т	Р	Hr.	CREDITS
1	PEME-911	Core Elective-5	3	0	0	3	3
2	OEXX-911	Open Elective	3	0	0	3	3
3	PCME-911	Dissertation (Part-1)	0	0	20	20	10
		Total	6	0	20	26	16

#### Semester IV

S.No	Sub. Code	Subject Name	L	Т	Р	Hr.	CREDITS
1.	PCME-921	Dissertation (Part-2)	0	0	32	32	16
		Total	0	0	32	32	16

# List of Core Electives

	PEME-811(A) Industrial Engineering
Core Elective-1	PEME-811(B) Robotics
	PEME-811(C) Machine Tool Design

Semester-I		PEME-811(D) Welding Codes and Standards
		PEME-811(E) Finite Element Method
		PEME-812(A) Design of Experiments
	Core Elective-2	PEME-812(B) Physical Metallurgy
		PEME-812(C) Maintenance Engineering
		PEME-821 (A) Additive Manufacturing
	Core Elective-3	PEME-821 (B) Computer Aided Design (CAD)
Semester-II		PEME-821 (C) Product Design and Development
		PEME-822 (A) Advanced Optimization Techniques
	Core Elective-4	PEME-822 (B) Non-conventional Machining Processes
		PEME-822 (C) Measurement and instrumentation
		PEME-822 (D) Design of Welded Structures
		PEME-822(E) Surface Engineering
		PEME-911 (A) Quality Management
Semester-III	Core Elective-5	PEME-911 (B) Supply Chain Management
		PEME-911 (C) Processing of Composites
		PEME-911 (D) Physics of Welding
		PEME-911 (E) Weldability of Engineering Materials
		PEME-911(F) Flexible Manufacturing System (FMS)

# List of Core Electives lab.

		PEME-813(A) Industrial Engineering Lab.			
Semester-I	Core Elective-1 Lab	PEME-813(B) Robotics Lab.			
Jennester-r	COTE LIECTIVE-1 Lab	PEME-813(C) Machine Tool Design Lab.			
		PEME-813(D) Welding Codes and Standards Lab.			
		PEME-814(A) Design of Experiments Lab.			
	Core Elective-2 Lab	PEME-814(B) Physical Metallurgy Lab.			
	COTE LIECTIVE-2 Lab	PEME-814(C) Maintenance Engineering Lab.			
		PEME-823 (A) Additive Manufacturing Lab.			
Semester-II	Core Elective-3 Lab	PEME-823 (B) Computer Aided Design (CAD) Lab.			
		PEME-823 (C) Product Design and Development Lab.			

# Open Elective (OEME-911)

OEME-911(A) Industrial Engineering
OEME-911(A) modshar Engineering
OEME-911 (C) Design of Experiments
OEME-911 (D) Additive Manufacturing
OEME-911 (E) Computer Aided Design (CAD)
OEME-911 (F) Product Design and Development
OEME-911 (G) Quality Management
OEME-911 (H) Supply Chain Management
OEME-911(I) Flexible Manufacturing System (FMS)

Subject Code				: PCME-811					
Title of the course			se	: ADVANCE MANUFACTURING PROCESSES					
	L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load				
	3	0	0	3	3				

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Attain knowledge on the basic concepts on geometry of cutting tools: single point cutting tools, milling cutters and twist drill, and cutting tool materials & their properties.
- **CO2:** Attain knowledge on the fundamentals and empirical relations used in metal cutting theory for the understanding of basic concepts, chip formation mechanism, generation of cutting forces and their impact on machining, optimization of machining operations.
- **CO3:** Able to apply the imparted knowledge on tool wear, wear mechanism of cutting tools, tool failure, machinability and tool life principles in improving the tool life of cutting tools used in industry.
- **CO4:** Use the principles of casting in industry/research/consultancy for producing quality castings in cost effective manner.
- **CO5:** Use the principles of welding in industry/research/consultancy for producing welded parts considering quality and cost-effective aspects.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
	Programme Outcomes (POs)											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	2	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	3
CO2	2	2	2	3	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	3
CO3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3
CO4	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3
Avg.	2	2	2.6	3	2.2	2	1.6	1.6	1.2	1	2	3

Theory

Course Description	Lecture(s)
Unit-I	
Metal Machining	06
Machining, definition, and objectives. Geometry of cutting tools: single point cutting tools, milling cutters and twist drill. Sharpening and re-sharpening of cutting tools. Cutting tool materials and their properties.	
Chip Formation Mechanism	06
Mechanics of chip formation by single point cutting tools, drills and milling cutters. Types of chips and their characteristics, derivation to estimate shear angle, chip reduction coefficient.	
Force System in Machining	06
Force system during turning, frictional force system at chip tool interface, force system along the shear plane, velocity relationship to estimate chip and shear velocities. Effect of wear land on force system and Chip Formation on Residual Stresses, Forces in drilling and milling processes.	
Tool Failure and Tool Life	06
Tool Failure, form stability, wear of cutting tools, crater wear and flank wear, criterion of wear, tool life, machinability, Taylor's Tool Life Equation.	
Unit-II	
Casting Processes	12

Introduction, patterns, moulds and cores. Coating for moulds and cores, melting of metals, furnaces, cooling and solidifications of metals, mechanism of solidifications, rate of solidification, pressure die casting, centrifugal casting, continuous casting, gating system, risering of castings, defects in casting, inspection, and testing of castings. Modernization and computerization of foundries.	
Welding	12
Introduction, Principle of solid-state welding, Principle of fusion welding heat source, metal transfer in arc welding, heat flow characteristics, gas metal reactions, cooling of fusion weld, weld defects and inspection. Advances in welding process-Ultrasonic Welding, Electronic beam welding, Laser beam welding, Explosive Welding, and Plasma welding.	

**Total** = **48** 

### **Textbooks:**

- 1. P N Rao, Manufacturing Technology, Volume 1, Tata McGraw-Hill Education
- 2. P N Rao, Manufacturing Technology, Volume 2, Tata McGraw-Hill Education
- 3. Malik & Ghosh, Manufacturing Science, EWP.
- 4. P L Jain, Principles of Foundry Technology, Tata McGraw-Hill Education
- 5. Pandey & Singh, Production Engineering Science, Standard Publishers.
- 6. Bhattacharya, Metal cutting Theory, Central Book Publishers.

Subject Code	: PCME-812
Title of the course	: INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

CO1: Ability to interface computers with the outside world

**CO2:** Modelling of physical system dynamics

CO3: Simulation and analysis of complex physical systems

CO4: Ability to design and analyse controller for Physical systems

	CO/	PO Mapp	oing : (St	rong(S)	/ Medium	n(M) / W	eak(W) i	ndicates	strength	of correla	tion):	
<b>G</b> 0					Prog	gramme (	Outcome	s (POs)				
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	2	2
CO3	3	3	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	1	1	2
Avg.	3	3	1	2.75	3	3	1	1	1.5	1.75	1.75	2.25

# Theory:

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Fundamentals of Electrical and Electronics	4
Review of semiconductor devices, operational amplifier, Configurations: Inverting, summing, integrating and differentiating. Registers, capacitors, potentiometer, R-L, RLC, The Mechatronics approach: A methodology for integrated design of Mechanical, Electronics, Electrical, Control, computer and Instrumentation, Linking between electrical and mechanical devices.	
Digital Electronics and Data Acquisition	20
Number systems: Binary, Octal, Hexadecimal, Conversion from Binary to Decimal, Octal and Hexadecimal and vice–versa, Binary arithmetic: Addition, subtraction, Multiplication and division.Boolean Algebra: Laws, De-Morgan's laws, Logic Gates, Truth tables, Karnaugh maps and logic circuits. Generation of Boolean function from truth tables and simplification. Multiplexer and de- multiplexer. Registers, Half adder and full adder. Adder-subtracter. Flip-flops: R-S, D and J-K. Optical encoder and strain gauge sensors. Concepts of digital and analog systems, Digital to analog conversion (DAC): R-2R and summing Op-amp circuit, Analog to digital conversion (ADC): successive approximation method.	
Description for DL DO DA and AD for DOL 200 and	
Programs for DI, DO, DA and AD for PCL 208 card. Unit-II	
Modelling of Physical system dynamics	06
Mathematical modeling of physical systems, system equations, Performance characteristics of First order and second order system, Basics of Bond Graphs, Elements of Bond Graphs, generation of Bond Graphs of simple systems.	
Control of physical systems	06
Basic concepts of classical control and modern control system. Stability, controllability. Deriving system equations in State Space from Bond Graphs. Control laws. Design of controller. Simulation of Physical system dynamics.	

Programmable Logic Controller	12
Function of PLC, Architecture, Components of PLC, selection of PLC, Ladder Logic diagram, Mnemonics, Logic functions: latching, sequencing, counters, shift registers, jumpers, manipulation of data, arithmetic operations	

# **Text Books:**

- W. Bolton, Mechatronics, Pearson Education.
   Majumdar, Pneumatic system, TMH.
   Andrew Parr, Hydraulic and Pneumatic systems, TMH
   Mahalik, Mechatronics, TMH.
   Ramachandran, Mechatronics, Wiley India

# Subject Code:PEME-811 (A)Title of the course:INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Learn the basic concept of production and industrial engineering.
- CO2: Implement various recording approaches associated with work study/ method study.
- **CO3:** Analyse industrial systems with the quality and the value addition perspectives
- **CO4:** Apply various techniques for optimum utilization of resources.
- **CO5:** Apply inventory control model.

	CO/	PO Map	oing: Str	rong(S) /	Medium	(M) / We	eak(W) in	ndicates s	strength o	of correlat	tion:	
~~		-	-		Pro	gramme	Outcome	es (POs)			-	
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3
Avg.	3	3	3	3	2.6	2.6	1.8	2	2.4	2	2.4	3

Theory

heory	1
Course Description	Lecture(s)
Unit-I	
Introduction	8
Industrial Engineering, Definition and Evolution, Understanding Industrial System Focus:	
Production/Service System. Performance measures of a Production System - Production,	
Productivity, Efficiency, Effectiveness, Classical Industrial Engineering -Work Study:	
Method Study and Time Study, Human Factors, Ergonomics.	
Quality Control	8
Quality, TQM, SQC, Control Charts, Acceptance Quality Level (AQL), Lot Tolerance	
Percentage Defective (LTPD), Producer's Risk, Consumer's Risk, Operating Characteristic	
Curve, Simple Numerical Problems	
Value Engineering	8
Concept of value analysis, Aim and objectives, Phases in value analysis, Test for value	
analysis, Difference between V.E. and Cost Reduction Techniques, Functional Analysis	
System Techniques (FAST), Principles of Value Analysis.	
Unit-II	
Production and Process Planning	8
Objectives of PPC, Component of PPC, Phases of PPC, Process Planning, Steps in Process	
Planning for Flow Shop Scheduling, Types of Scheduling Systems, Master Scheduling,	
Order Scheduling, Comparison between Production Planning and Production Control,	
Sequencing.	
Reliability and Maintenance	
Reliability, availability and maintainability; distribution of failure and repair times;	8
determination of MTBF and MTTR, reliability models; system reliability determination;	
preventive maintenance and replacement, total productive maintenance - concept and	
applications.	
Production Planning and Inventory Control	8
Forecasting techniques – causal and time series models, moving average, exponential	
smoothing, trend and seasonality; aggregate production planning; master production	

scheduling; MRP-II and ERP; order control and flow control; routing, scheduling and priority dispatching; push and pull production systems, concept of JIT manufacturing system; logistics, distribution, and supply chain management; Inventory – functions, costs, classifications, deterministic and probabilistic inventory models, quantity discount; perpetual and periodic inventory control systems.

# **Text Books:**

John Wiley & sons.

Total=48

- A. Barnes, Motion and Time Study,
   Dalela and Sourabh, Work Study and Ergonomics,
- Dalela and Sourabh, Work Study and Ergonomics,
   Ronald Mayer, Production Management,
   Standard Publishers.
   Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. Martand Telsang, Industrial Engineering & Management, S.Chand & Company

Subject Code	: PEME-811 (B)
Title of the course	: ROBOTICS

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

**CO1:** Obtain knowledge and understand the basic concepts of industrial robotics, namely in terms of classification, kinematics, sensors, and typical applications

**CO2:** Understand the control techniques used for rehabilitation robots, namely force control

**CO3:** To acquire the knowledge on advanced algebraic tools for the description of motion

**CO4:** Design and implement control applications for autonomous mobile robots.

**CO5:** Understanding the dynamics of the manipulator.

	CO/F	O Mapp	ing: (Stro	ng(S) /	Medium	(M) / We	eak(W) in	ndicates s	strength o	of correlat	tion):	
					Pro	gramme	Outcome	es (POs)				
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO 4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	1	2	3	2	1	2	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
Avg.	3	2.6	2.8	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.8	2.2	1.6	2.2	2.4	2.8

Theory:

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Introduction	04
Evolution of robot and robotics, laws of robotics, robot anatomy: Links, joints, Degrees of freedom (DOF), Arm configuration, wrist configuration, end-effector.	
Coordinate Frame, Mapping and Transforms	08
Coordinate frames, description of objects in space, transformation of vectors, inverting a homogeneous transform, fundamental rotation matrices	
Kinematics	12
Denavit- Hartenberg Notation, kinematic relationship between adjacent links, Manipulator transformation matrix, Inverse kinematics. Linear and angular velocity of a rigid body, velocity propagation along links, manipulator jacobian	
Unit-II	
Unit-II Dynamics	12
	12
<b>Dynamics</b> Two DOF manipulator- Dynamic Model, Lagrange-Euler Formulation: Velocity of a point on the manipulator, equation of motion, LE Dynamic Model algorithm, Newton-Euler Formulation: Newton	12

- Mittal and Nagrath, Robotics and Control, TMH.
   J.J. Craig, Introduction to Robotics, Pearson Education.
- 3. Beer and Johnston, Vector mechanics, TMH.
- 4. Nise, Control System Engineering, Wiley.

Subject Code	:PEME-811(C)
Title of the course	:MACHINE TOOL DESIGN

Γ	L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
	3	0	0	3	3

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Understand the different types of machine tools and process parameters required for the design of machine tools.
- **CO2:** Identify different types of tool drives and mechanisms.
- CO3: Understand different machine tool elements and their requirements in machine tool design.
- CO4: Study the machine tool dynamics required for the stability of the system during operation.
- CO5: Know various control systems used in machine tools for satisfactory functioning

	CO/P	O Mappi	ing : (St	cong(S)		n(M) / W gramme			strength	of correla	tion):	
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO1	1 PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	1 00	3	2	1	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	3	1	1	2	1	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	1	2	2	3	3
Avg.	3	3	3	2	2.2	2.6	1.8	1	2	2	2.4	3
Theory			•		•	•	•	•		•		•
Course Do	escriptio	n									L	ecture(s)
Unit-I												
Introduct	ion											08
Classificat								neral req	uirement	s of mach	nine	
tool design					ious mac	hine tool	•					
Machine '												08
Mechanica												
design, hy		lrives, co	nversio	n of rota	ry motio	on to tran	islatory r	notion, g	enerating	g intermit	tent	
periodic m												
Machine '									<u> </u>			08
Spindles:		s, require	ements a	and mat	erials for	r spindle	, complia	ance and	machini	ng accura	acy.	
design of s		-h: T	1 <b>E</b>		1 4 F	·				.f1: .l		
Guide way aerostatic								n and luc	rication	of sinde wa	ays,	
Gear box:				lue ways	s, comon	lation gu	lue ways					
Unit-II	I unction	and desi	gn									
Machine 7	Fool Dyr	amics										08
Dynamics			s. Physi	cal caus	ses of ch	atter and	vibratio	ns. Type	s of Cha	tter. Stabi		00
chart, chat												
methods for												
Control S												08
Functions,	requiren	nents and	classifi	cation of	control s	systems,	control sy	stems fo	r changiı	ng speeds	and	
feeds, desi												
manual co					ystems ai	nd adapti	ve contro	l systems	5			
Numerica	l Contro	l of Mac	hine To	ols								08
Fundamen		pts and c	lassifica	tion of r	numerical	l control	systems,	Construe	ctional de	etails of C	NC	
machining	centre.											

**Text Books:** 

Total=48

- N.K. Mehta, Machine Tool Design, TMH.
   Sen and Bhattacharya, Principles of Machine Tools, CBA Publishers.
   S.K. Basu and D.K. Pal, Design of Machine Tools, Oxford and IBH.
- 4. P.H.Joshi, Machine Tools Handbook, McGraw Hill.

Subject Code	: PEME-811 (D)
Title of the course	: WELDING CODES AND STANDARDS

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to:

**CO1:** Understand various welding codes & standards.

**CO2:** Gain knowledge about industrial materials, welding consumables and their applications.

**CO3:** Prepare WPS and PQR for various industrial welding applications.

CO4: Understand basic testing methods for weld qualification.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):													
		Programme Outcomes (POs)												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	1	2	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3		
CO2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	3	3	2	3		
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	1	2	1	3		
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	1	3	3	3	2		
Avg.	3	1.75	2	2.75	1.5	2.25	2.75	2	2.5	2.5	2.25	2.75		

### Theory:

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Welding Symbols	08
Primary and secondary weld symbols, various information and location of this information on welding	
symbol.	
Structural Welding Codes	08
Introduction to structural welding code AWS D1.1, design requirements, allowable stress values,	
workmanship and inspection.	
Pressure Vessel Fabrication	08
Introduction to ASME section VIII- division I, design requirements, fabrication methods, joint categories,	
welding and inspection requirements, post weld heat treatment and hydro-testing.	
Unit-II	
Welding Procedure and Welder Qualification	08
Introduction to ASME section IX; introduction to Welding Procedure Specification (WPS)-essential, non-	
essential and supplementary essential variables, procedure qualification, Procedure Qualification Records	
(PQR); welders performance qualification, essential and non-essential variables, retest and re-qualification	
of welders. F Number, P Number and A numbers, Introduction to European standards.	
Materials and Consumables	08
Introduction to ASME section II part A and C; introduction to materials standards and testing of materials,	
consumables testing and qualification as per ASME/AWS requirements, Storage and handling of welding	
consumables.	
Petroleum Piping and Cross-Country Pipeline Welding	08
Introduction to API 5L code; Process and product standards for manufacturing of pipes -welding procedure	
and welder qualification, field welding and inspection requirements	
Tot	al=48

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. AWS D1.1 Structural Welding Code
- 2. ASME Section VIII Division 1
- 3. ASME Section IX

4. ASME Section II Part A and Part C

Subject Code	: PEME- 812 (A)
Title of the course	: DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of optimization.

CO2: Understand the basic concepts of experimentation analysis like selection of random variables.

CO3: Construct mathematical model for random phenomena like Null Hypothesis and Alternative Hypothesis.

**CO4:** Obtain engineering solutions based on statistical analysis like Factorial Design and Taguchi Method.

CO5: Analyze the variance like one-way ANOVA, two ways ANOVA, numerical on ANOVA, Z-test and T test

	CO/PO Mapping: (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
		Programme Outcomes (POs)										
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	3	2	1	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	2	2	1	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	1	3	3	3	3
Avg.	3	3	3	3	2	1.8	2.2	1	2.6	2.2	1.8	2.4

Theory **Course Description** Lecture Unit-I 08 Introduction Brief introduction of optimization techniques, Strategy of experimentation, Basic principles of Design, Terminology used in Design of Experiment, Guidelines for designing experiments, Basic statistical concepts: Types of Data, Graphical representation of Data, Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion, Skewness. **Simple Comparative Experiments** 08 Sampling and sampling Distribution, Test of significance for single mean and for difference of means of two samples, Inferences about the Differences in means: randomized designs, Inferences about the Differences in means: Paired comparison Designs, Inferences about the Variances of Normal Distributions. Test of significance based on t, F and Chi square distribution. **Fitting Regression Models** 08 Introduction, Linear regression models, Estimate of parameters in linear regression models, The method of least square, Hypothesis testing: Null Hypothesis, Alternative Hypothesis, Prediction of new response observations, Testing for lack of fit. Unit-II **Factorial Design** 08 Basic definition and principles, Advantages of factorials, Types of factorial design: Full factor factorial design and fraction factorial design, Design Matrix, Development of mathematical model, Regression model diagnostics. Taguchi method 08 Introduction, Concept design, Parameter design, Tolerance design, Orthogonal array experiments Taguchi quality loss function, Signal-to Noise ratio, Quality characteristics, Parameter optimization experiment, Parameter design case study. Analysis Of Variance (ANOVA) 08 15

Introduction, One-way ANOVA process, Two-way ANOVA process, Degrees of freedom, Case studies on Factorial design, Taguchi Method and ANOVA.

Total=48

### **Text Books:**

- 1. Douglas C Montgomery, Design and Analysis of Experiments, John Wiley
- 2. John P.W.M., Statistical Design and Analysis of Experiments, Macmillan,
- 3. Montgomery D.C., Runger G. C., Introduction to Linear Regression Analysis,
- 4. Taguchi, G., Introduction to Quality Engineering, Asian Productivity Organisation, UNIPUB, White Plains, New York
- 5. Taneja HC, Statistical Methods for Engineering and Sciences, IK International Publishing house Pvt Ltd.
- 6. J. Wesley Barnes, Statistical Analysis for Engineers and Scientists, McGraw Hill Inc.

Subject Code	: PEME-812 (B)
Title of the course	: PHYSICAL METALLURGY

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

**CO1:** Understand different concepts related to crystallography of metallic materials.

CO2: Learn about the Iron Carbon equilibrium, TTT and CCT diagrams.

CO3: Learn about the principles of heat treatment and use of various heat treatment processes.

CO4: Learn about the principle of corrosion and develop knowledge about various remedial measures for its control.

CO5: Obtain a handful of knowledge about various engineering materials and their applications.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
<i></i>					Prog	Programme Outcomes (POs)						
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	3	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	2	2	1
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	1	1
CO3	1	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	1	3	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3	3	2	1
CO5	1	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	1	3	1
Avg.	1.8	2.8	2.2	2	2.2	2	2.2	2.2	2.8	1.8	2.2	1.4

Theory

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Crystallography	06
Crystallography - space lattice - unit cell - classification of space lattices by crystal system - packing factor	
- indexing of crystal planes and directions in cubic and hexagonal system - defects in crystals - dislocation	
concepts - slip and twin crystal orientation.	
Strengthening Mechanisms	06
Work hardening, solid solution strengthening, strengthens by heat treatment	
Nucleation and Growth	06
Concept of free energy, Nucleation and crystal growth during solidification, Homogeneous nucleation,	
critical size of the nucleus, Ingot Structure, Coring and segregation	
Phase transformations	06
Basics of binary and ternary phase diagram, diffusion kinetics. Important features of pearlitic, bainitic and	
martensitic transformations,	
Unit-II	
Iron Iron-Carbide Equilibrium Diagram	04
Introduction to iron-iron carbide diagram, TTT and CCT diagrams.	
Heat treatment	06
Annealing, normalizing, hardening and tempering, stress relieving	
Case hardening	04
Carburizing, nitriding, cyaniding, flame hardening and induction hardening	
Corrosion	04
Introduction, various types of corrosion, and respective possible causes, Methods of preventing corrosion	

Overview of Metallic Materials	06
Plain carbon steels, low alloy and Q-T steels, dual phase steels, HSLA steels, Hadfield steel, stainless	
steels, tool steels, ultra-high strength steels- maraging steels.	
Tot	al=48

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. S.H.Avner, "Introduction to Physical Metallurgy", McGraw Hill.
- 2. V.Raghavan, "Physical Metallurgy (Principles and Practice)", Prentice Hall.
- 3. D.S. Clarke and W.R.Varney, "Physical Metallurgy for Engineers", CBS.
- 4. T.V.Rajan, C.P.Sharma and Ashok Sharma, "Heat Treatment Principles and Techniques", Prentice Hall of India.
- 5. Y.S Laktin, "Engineering Physical Metallurgy and Heat treatment", MIR publishers.
- 6. Metals Hand book, Volume I-VI, American Society of Metals.

#### Subject Code : PEME-812C Title of the course : MAINTENANCE ENGINEERING

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- CO1: Understand the importance of maintenance.
- **CO2:**
- Understand the basics of TPM methodology. Understand the importance of RCM and CBM. CO3:
- CO4: Have an idea about performing maintenance activity of agricultural equipment.

CO5: Understand the basic techniques of restoration, repair & retrofitting.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
00	Prog	rogramme Outcomes (POs)										
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	1	2	1	1	3	3	1	3	2	3	3
CO2	1	3	3	3	2	2	3	1	2	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	2	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3
Avg.	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.8	1.2	2.6	2.4	2.8	2.2

Theory

Course Description	Lecture						
Unit-I							
Maintenance Management	08						
Introduction to Maintenance, Need of Maintenance Management, Maintenance Policies, Strategies and options in Maintenance management. Maintenance forms/actions and their inter relationships, Brief descriptions of various Maintenance actions. Maintenance Organisations: Prerequisities, factors determining effectiveness of a Maintenance organization, objectives of organization design, types of organization. Maintenance Planning and Control: Establishing a Maintenance Plan-Preliminary considerations, Systematic method of Maintenance Plan and schedule planning and schedule of Plant shut downs.							
Total productive Maintenance (TPM)							
Introduction: Definition concept of TPM, characteristics of TPM, Benefits of TPM, losses of TPM, implementing TPM. Philosophy of TPM. Indications of TPM. TPM Development: Preparation phase, TPM introduction education, TPM Promotion organization, TPM policies and goods, TPM Master Plan TPM initiatives, Implementation phase; consolidation phase. Measuring TPM effectiveness: Philosophy of setting goals Measuring TPM effectiveness Indicators topes, Plant effectiveness quelling and Energy saving Maintenance Measuring TPM Benefits. Application of TPM in Process Industries Administrative & Support departments and other Industrial enterprises							
Reliability Centred Maintenance (RCM)	08						

Condition Based Maintenance08Machine signatures, various techniques of signature analysis, temperature noise, vibration and wear particle analysis, on line and off-line techniques.08Unit-IIMaintenance of Agricultural and Earth Moving Machinery06Maintenance scheduling, predictive and preventive maintenance, machine health monitoring systems, spare parts – inventory and maintenance. Fault diagnosis, rectification servicing and repairs of various components/systems of agricultural equipments and earth moving machinery, fault diagnosis and manuals.Special problems associated with heavy earth moving equipments and their solutions. Planning and design.06Restoration06Restoration: Scheduled restoration and scheduled discard tasks. Restoration techniques for industrial equipments: Gear transmissions, key fittings, splines fitting, coupling & clutches, lead screw & nut, belt, chain & sprocket wheels, bush bearing ball & roller bearings their shank & housings. Restoration of parts by welding metallisation, chromium plating, maintainability for given restoration time with weibull times to restore distribution, time to restore for given maintainability with a weibull time to restore distribution, steady state mean times to actively restore, repair and /or replace components in an equipment restoration time, efficiency & consistency.04Repairs & Retrofitting04Repair cycle, repair complexity, Assembly & disassembly of machine& components, repair of cracks, reclamation of worn & damaged parts, economics of reconditioning, reconditioning Vs replacements. Repair of Industrial equipments: Machine spindle, Hydraulic machines, tailstock, three jaw chucks,	
particle analysis, on line and off-line techniques.OfUnit-IIMaintenance of Agricultural and Earth Moving Machinery06Maintenance scheduling, predictive and preventive maintenance, machine health monitoring systems, spare parts – inventory and maintenance. Fault diagnosis, rectification servicing and repairs of various components/systems of agricultural equipments and earth moving machinery, fault diagnosis and manuals.Special problems associated with heavy earth moving equipments and their solutions. Planning and design.06Restoration06Restoration:Scheduled restoration and scheduled discard tasks. Restoration techniques for industrial equipments: Gear transmissions, key fittings, splines fitting, coupling & clutches, lead screw & nut, belt, chain & sprocket wheels, bush bearing ball & roller bearings their shank & housings. Restoration of parts by welding metallisation, chromium plating, maintainability for given restoration time with weibull times to restore distribution, time to restore for given maintainability with a weibull time to restore distribution, steady state mean times to actively restore, repair and /or replace components in an equipment restoration time, efficiency & consistency.04Repair cycle, repair complexity, Assembly & disassembly of machine& components, repair of cracks, reclamation of worn & damaged parts, economics of reconditioning, reconditioning Vs replacements. Repair of Industrial equipments: Machine spindle, Hydraulic machines, tailstock, three jaw chucks,	 08
Maintenance of Agricultural and Earth Moving Machinery06Maintenance scheduling, predictive and preventive maintenance, machine health monitoring systems, spare parts – inventory and maintenance. Fault diagnosis, rectification servicing and repairs of various components/systems of agricultural equipments and earth moving machinery, fault diagnosis and manuals.Special problems associated 	
Maintenance scheduling, predictive and preventive maintenance, machine health monitoring systems, spare parts – inventory and maintenance. Fault diagnosis, rectification servicing and repairs of various components/systems of agricultural equipments and earth moving machinery, fault diagnosis and manuals.Special problems associated with heavy earth moving equipments and their solutions. Planning and design.06Restoration06Restoration: Scheduled restoration and scheduled discard tasks. Restoration techniques for industrial equipments: Gear transmissions, key fittings, splines fitting, coupling & clutches, lead screw & nut, belt, chain & sprocket wheels, bush bearing ball & roller bearings their shank & housings. Restoration of parts by welding metallisation, chromium plating, maintainability for given restoration time with weibull times to restore distribution, time to restore for given maintainability with a weibull time to restore distribution, steady state mean times to actively restore, repair and /or replace components in an equipment restoration time, efficiency & consistency.04Repair cycle, repair complexity, Assembly & disassembly of machine& components, repair of cracks, reclamation of worn & damaged parts, economics of reconditioning, reconditioning Vs replacements. Repair of Industrial equipments: Machine spindle, Hydraulic machines, tailstock, three jaw chucks,	
spare parts – inventory and maintenance. Fault diagnosis, rectification servicing and repairs of various components/systems of agricultural equipments and earth moving machinery, fault diagnosis and manuals.Special problems associated with heavy earth moving equipments and their solutions. Planning and design.06Restoration06Restoration: Scheduled restoration and scheduled discard tasks. Restoration techniques for industrial equipments: Gear transmissions, key fittings, splines fitting, coupling & clutches, lead screw & nut, belt, chain & sprocket wheels, bush bearing ball & roller bearings their shank & housings. Restoration of parts by welding metallisation, chromium plating, maintainability for given restoration time with weibull times to restore distribution, time to restore for given maintainability with a weibull time to restore distribution, steady state mean times to actively restore, repair and /or replace components in an equipment, equipment restoration time, efficiency & consistency.04Repair cycle, repair complexity, Assembly & disassembly of machine& components, repair of cracks, reclamation of worn & damaged parts, economics of reconditioning, reconditioning Vs replacements. Repair of Industrial equipments: Machine spindle, Hydraulic machines, tailstock, three jaw chucks,	 06
Restoration06Restoration: Scheduled restoration and scheduled discard tasks. Restoration techniques for industrial equipments: Gear transmissions, key fittings, splines fitting, coupling & clutches, lead screw & nut, belt, chain & sprocket wheels, bush bearing ball & roller bearings their shank & housings. Restoration of parts by welding metallisation, chromium plating, maintainability for given restoration time with 	
equipments: Gear transmissions, key fittings, splines fitting, coupling & clutches, lead screw & nut, belt, chain & sprocket wheels, bush bearing ball & roller bearings their shank & housings. Restoration of parts by welding metallisation, chromium plating, maintainability for given restoration time with weibull times to restore distribution, time to restore for given maintainability with a weibull time to restore distribution, steady state mean times to actively restore, repair and /or replace components in an equipment, equipment restoration time, efficiency & consistency.04Repairs & Retrofitting04Repair cycle, repair complexity, Assembly & disassembly of machine& components, repair of cracks, reclamation of worn & damaged parts, economics of reconditioning, reconditioning Vs replacements. Repair of Industrial equipments: Machine spindle, Hydraulic machines, tailstock, three jaw chucks,	 06
Repair cycle, repair complexity, Assembly & disassembly of machine& components, repair of cracks, reclamation of worn & damaged parts, economics of reconditioning, reconditioning Vs replacements. Repair of Industrial equipments: Machine spindle, Hydraulic machines, tailstock, three jaw chucks,	
reclamation of worn & damaged parts, economics of reconditioning, reconditioning Vs replacements. Repair of Industrial equipments: Machine spindle, Hydraulic machines, tailstock, three jaw chucks,	 04
repair of cracks in C.I. Body, special features of the repair of cranes, hammers power press. Retrofitting: Retrofitting, objectives, classification of retrofitting, scope of retrofitting, Cost effectiveness through retrofitting (economical aspects), circumstances leading to retrofitting, features &selection for retrofitting.	

Text Books:

- 1. R. C. Mishra, K. Pathak, Maintenance Engineering and Management
- 2. K. Smit, Maintenance Engineering and Management
- 3. K. Venkataraman, Maintenance Engineering and Management

# Subject Code: PCME-813Title of the course: ADVANCE MANUFACTURING PROCESSES LAB.

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
0	0	2	1	2

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After completion of the course students will be able to:

- **CO1:** Attain practical knowledge on the fundamentals used in metal cutting theory for the understanding of chip formation mechanism, generation of cutting forces and their impact on machining.
- CO2: Identify different cutting tool materials and cutting tools and understand their applications.
- CO3: Gain practical experience to perform various sand testing processes available in the Sand Testing lab.

**CO4:** Gain practical experience to perform some welding processes available in the Advance Welding Lab.

	CO/PO Mapping: (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
CO		Programme Outcomes (POs)										
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	2	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	3
CO2	2	2	2	3	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	3
CO3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3
CO4	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3
Avg.	2	2	2.6	3	2.2	2	1.6	1.6	1.2	1	2	3

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT						
1.	To study tool geometry of single point cutting tool						
2.	To study tool geometry of multi point cutting tools						
3.	Study of chips and determination of chip reduction co-efficient in turning mild steel by HSS tool with different						
	depth of cut						
4.	Study on the effect of tool geometry on tool wear and surface roughness in hard turning						
5.	To study effect of input parameters on cutting forces and surface finish during turning						
6.	To study effect of input parameters on cutting forces and surface finish during milling operation						
7.	To study the performance requirements of sand testing methods of green sand						
8.	To perform and study the effect of process parameters in TIG/MIG welding						
9	Microstructural evaluations of TIG and MIG welded joints						

Subject Code	: PCME-814
Title of the course	: INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION LAB

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
0	0	2	1	2

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

CO1: Ability to interface computers with the outside world

**CO2:** Modelling of physical system dynamics

CO3:

Simulation and analysis of complex physical systems Ability to design and analyze controller for Physical systems CO4:

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):												
<b>G</b> 0	Programme Outcomes (POs)												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	1	3	
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	3	2	3	2	
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	
Avg.	3	3	2.75	2.75	3	3	2.25	1.5	2	2.5	2.5	2.25	

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT
1.	To study system introduction: computer-machine interface.
2.	Familiarization with Automation Studio 5.7
3.	Simulation of working of single acting and double cylinder with 3/2 DC valve.
4.	Simulation of working of double acting cylinder with 5/2 DC valve.
5.	Simulation of Pilot operation
6.	Simulation of throttle-in and throttle-out process
7.	Simulation of semi-automatic pneumatic ckt.
8.	Simulation of fully -automatic pneumatic ckt.
9.	Study and installation of DAQ board PCL- 208
10.	To study digital input (DI) and digital output (DO)
11.	To study analog to digital (A/D) conversion
12.	To study digital to analog (D/A) conversion.
13.	To study the pneumatic trainer
14.	To study the op-amp and logic gate kit
15.	Familiarization with MATLAB

# Subject Code: PEME-813 (A)Title of the course: INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING LAB

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
0	0	2	1	2

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Learn the basic concept of production and industrial engineering.
- CO2: Implement various recording approaches associated with work study/ method study.
- **CO3:** Analyse industrial systems with the quality and the value addition perspectives
- **CO4:** Apply various techniques for optimum utilization of resources.
- **CO5:** Apply inventory control model.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
	Programme Outcomes (POs)											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	3	3	3	3
Avg.	3	3	3	2.5	2.5	1.5	1.25	2.75	2.75	2.25	3	3

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT
1.	Study and construct an operation process chart of a given Task
2.	Study and construct a flow process chart of a given Task
3.	Study and construct a two-handed operation chart of a given Task
4.	To obtain practice in Rating performance in walking
5.	To obtain practice in Rating performance in card Dealing
6.	To determine the Standard time, Reassemble and Assembly of different bolts by using hand Tool
	Dexterity Apparatus.
7.	To measure the image perception capability of an individual

Subject Code :	PEM	IE-813(B)
Title of the course	:	ROBOTICS LAB

l	L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
	0	0	2	1	2

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** To develop the ability to design the motion for articulated systems.
- **CO2:** To acquire the knowledge of programing advanced algebraic tools for the description of motion.
- **CO3:** Obtain knowledge and understand the basic concepts of industrial robotics, namely in terms of classification, kinematics, sensors, and typical applications
- **CO4:** Program industrial (manipulator) robots.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
<i></i>	Programme Outcomes (POs)											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	1	3	1	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	2	3	2	3	2
CO3	3	1	2	3	1	2	2	3	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	3
Avg.	3	2.5	2.75	2	2	2.75	2.75	1.75	2.75	2	2.75	2.75

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT
1.	Numerical analysis problems (Simpson's rule, Euler's method, Runge-kutta method etc.) using
	MATLAB
2.	Write a program in MATLAB for deriving D-H parameters of given Robotic Configurations
3.	Write a program in MATLAB for deriving expressions of Jacobian for given robotic manipulators
4.	Write a program in MATLAB for simulation of Dynamics of Serial Manipulators planar
	configurations.
5.	Write a program in MATLAB for Position control of Serial Manipulators (planar configurations).
6.	Design of Controller for position control of serial manipulators using MATLAB.
7.	Stability analysis of given dynamic system using Control system TOOLBOX of MATLAB.
8.	Virtual modeling for Kinematic and dynamic verification any one robotic structure using suitable
	software.
9.	Design, modeling and analysis of two different types of grippers.
10.	Study of robotic system design.

Subject Code	:	PEME-813 (C)
Title of the course	:	MACHINE TOOL DESIGN LAB

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
0	0	2	1	2

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Understand the different types of machine tools and process parameters required for the design of machine tools.
- **CO2:** Identify different types of tool drives and mechanisms.
- CO3: Understand different machine tool elements and their requirements in machine tool design.
- CO4: Study the machine tool dynamics required for the stability of the system during operation.
- CO5: Know various control systems used in machine tools for satisfactory functioning

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):												
<i></i>	Programme Outcomes (POs)												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	3	
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	3	
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	3	
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	3	
CO5	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	3	
Avg.	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	1.8	1	1	1	3	

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT
1.	To study the classification of various types of machine tools.
2.	To study effect of speed, feed and depth of cut on machining cost on lathe machine. and obtain charts for same.
3.	To study how to design a gear box.
4.	To study the physical effect of chattering on machining a job.
5.	To draw a stability chart of chattering while doing turning on a lathe machine.
6.	To study control systems for controlling speeds and feeds in CNC.
7.	Study of international G codes and M codes of CNC.
8.	Write a program of machining on CNC in both incremental and absolute system.

Subject Code	: PEME-813 (D)
Title of the course	: WELDING CODES AND STANDARDS LAB

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
0	0	2	1	2

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to:

**CO1:** Understand various welding codes & standards.

- CO2: Gain knowledge about industrial materials, welding consumables and their applications.
- CO3: Prepare WPS and PQR for various industrial welding applications.

CO4: Understand basic testing methods for weld qualification.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):													
	Programme Outcomes (POs)													
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3		
CO2	3	2	2	3	1	2	3	2	3	2	3	3		
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	3		
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	1	2	3	3	3		
Avg.	3	2.25	2.25	3	1.75	2.25	2.75	2.25	2.5	2.5	3	3		

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT
1.	Perform V joint welding on 12 mm thick plate of 300 x 100 mm size by SMAW process and
	Prepare WPS and PQR for it.
2.	Perform SAW welding on 12 mm thick plate and prepare consumable selection chart as per ASME
	section II
3.	Perform SAW welding on 12 mm thick plate and perform NDT test as per ASME section IX
4.	Study of Boiler safety and testing standards
5.	Study of pressure vessel fabrication and safety standards
6.	Perform low temperature impact testing on SAW welded mild steel specimen as per ASME
	standard testing methods
7.	Perform GMAW welding as per ASME standard and prepare WPS/PQR
8.	Perform tensile testing on GMAW welded mild steel specimen as per standard testing method.

Subject Code	: PEME- 814 (A)
Title of the course	: DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS LAB

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load			
0	0	2	1	2			

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to:

**CO1:** Understand the basic concepts of optimization.

CO2: Understand the basic concepts of experimentation analysis like selection of random variables.

CO3: Construct mathematical model for random phenomena like Null Hypothesis and Alternative Hypothesis.

**CO4:** Obtain engineering solutions based on statistical analysis like Factorial Design and Taguchi Method.

CO5: Analyze the variance like one-way ANOVA, two ways ANOVA, numerical on ANOVA, Z-test and T test

	CO/PO Mapping: (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):													
	Programme Outcomes (POs)													
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	2		
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2		
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2		
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2		
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3		
Avg.	3	3	3	3	2	2	2.8	2.6	2.4	2	1.6	2.2		

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT
1.	To study the Strategy of experimentation
2.	Test of significance based on t test.
3.	Test of Means - One Factor Experiment based on F test through ANOVA.
4.	Test of significance based on Chi square distribution.
5.	Development of mathematical model through Full factor factorial design (A case study)
6.	Development of mathematical model through fraction factorial design (A case study)
7.	Case studies on Orthogonal array experiments with L-9 Taguchi Method
8.	Case studies on Orthogonal array experiments with L-27 Taguchi Method
9.	Case study on one-way ANOVA process
10.	Case study on two-way ANOVA process

Subject Code	: PEME 814 B
Title of the course	: PHYSICAL METALLURGY LAB

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
0	0	2	1	2

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

**CO1:** Understand the various metallic structures and plastic deformation.

**CO2:** learn the principles of heat treatment and various heat treatment processes.

CO3: Know about the basic mechanisms of Phase transformations observed during the heat treatments.

CO4: Know various engineering materials, their mechanical properties and applications.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):													
	Programme Outcomes (POs)													
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	1	3	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	2	2	1		
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	1	1		
CO3	1	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	1	3	3		
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3	3	2	1		
Avg.	2	3	2.25	1.75	2	2	2.25	2.25	2.75	2	2	1.5		

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT
11.	Cursory examination of different ferrous and non-ferrous materials.
12.	Demonstration of Furnaces used in Heat treatment.
13.	Study of Crystal systems and model making for various metallic structures e.g. BCC, FCC and HCP structures.
14.	Study of Iron Carbon equilibrium diagram and identification of various phases on it.
15.	Study of Principles of Heat Treatment and, TTT curves.
16.	To perform Hardness Testing on a given specimen.
17.	To Perform Tensile testing on UTM.
18.	To Perform Impact Testing of the given samples.
19.	To Perform Quenching of low alloy steel specimens in various media.
20.	Study various Surface hardening treatments and perform carburizing treatment.
21.	To prepare a given specimen for metallographic examination.
22.	To observe the microstructure of the specimens prepared for metallographic examination.

#### Subject Code : PEME-814C Title of the course : MAINTENANCE ENGINEERING LAB

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
0	0	2	1	2

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- CO1:
- **CO2:**
- Understand the importance of maintenance. Understand the basics of TPM methodology. Understand the importance of RCM and CBM. CO3:
- CO4: Have an idea about performing maintenance activity of agricultural equipment.
- CO5: Understand the basic techniques of restoration, repair & retrofitting.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
<i></i>		Programme Outcomes (POs)										
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	1	2	1	1	3	3	1	3	2	3	3
CO2	1	3	3	3	2	2	3	1	2	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	2	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3
Avg.	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.8	1.2	2.6	2.4	2.8	2.2

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT
1.	To study the Prerequisities, factors and objectives of organization design.
2.	To study TPM preparation, implementation & consolidation phase.
3.	To study P-F interval and P-F curves.
4.	To study the implementation of RCM and their decision diagrams.
5.	To study the different techniques of signature analysis.
6.	To study special problems associated with heavy earth moving equipment and their heavy earth
	moving equipment and their solutions.
7.	To study different equipment's like splines fitting, lead screw, nut, belt, chain & sprocket wheels
	and different methods of restoration of parts.
8.	To study objectives, classification, scope of retrofitting.

# Subject Code: PCME-821Title of the course: MODELLING AND SIMULATION

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	1	0	4	4

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to:

- **CO1:** Identify the underlying concepts; advantages, limitations and usefulness of modeling & simulation of engineering systems in general, and that of manufacturing systems in particular.
- CO2: Construct mathematical model for continuous and discrete engineering systems.
- **CO3:** Obtain random samples by generating & testing random numbers [0, 1], and converting to random variates as per appropriate statistical (probability) distribution.
- **CO4:** Simulate the problems of manufacturing systems and management science using appropriate set of random samples.
- **CO5**: Design the simulation experiment for static, dynamic and stochastic systems.

		(	CO/PO I	Mapping	: Strong	J(3) / Me	edium(2)	/ Weak	(1) indic	ates strei	ngth of co	orrelation	:		
Cos	Programme Outcomes (POs)													Programme Specific Outcomes	
COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	1	1
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	2	1
CO3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	2	2	2
CO4	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	2	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	1	2
Avg.	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	1.4	1.8	1.8

#### Theory:

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Introduction	05
Concept of system & environment, elements of systems, types of systems, system modelling, types of models. System simulation, simulation as a management laboratory, advantages & limitations of system simulation.	
Simulation of Continuous system	07
Examples of continuous system simulation – pure pursuit problem and chemical reactor problem, simulation using MATLAB programming, characteristics of continuous systems, comparison of numerical integration with continuous system simulation, selection of integration formula for simulation.	
Simulation of Discrete System	07

Time flow mechanisms, generation of random numbers, testing of random numbers for uniformity & statistical independence. Discrete and continuous probability density functions (binomial, uniform, exponential, normal and beta density functions). Generation of random variates for discrete probability distribution, generation of random variates for continuous probability distribution. Combination of discrete-event and continuous models, simulation using MATLAB programming.	
Simulation of queuing system	07
Concept of queuing theory, characteristics of queues, measure of system performance, Kendell's notation. Simulation of single-server and double-server queues. Queues involving complex arrivals and service times with balking, reneging and jockeying, stationary and time dependent queue, auto covariance and auto correlation function, auto correlation effects in queuing system, simulation using MATLAB programming.	
Unit-II	
Simulation of inventory system	06
Rudiments of inventory theory – analytical approach. Necessity of simulation, simulation of inventory systems. Demand forecasting and regression analysis; time series analysis, exponential smoothing and simulation-based forecasting approaches, simulation using MATLAB programming	
Simulation of project management problems	06
Introduction to PERT & CPM for project management, time estimates, identification of critical path for estimation of project completion time, necessity of simulation, simulation of project management problem(s), simulation using MATLAB programming.	
Design of simulation experiments	06
Length of simulation run, run length for static stochastic simulation, run length for dynamic stochastic simulation - elimination of transients (initial bias), auto-correlated observations, blocking, etc. Variance reduction techniques - antithetic sampling, correlated sampling, importance sampling, control variates, stratified sampling, etc.	
Simulation Languages	06
Continuous and discrete simulation languages block structure continuous languages, special purpose simulation languages.	
Tot	al=50

# **Text Books:**

2.	Loffick, Simulation and Modeling, Deo Narsingh, System Simulation with Digital Computer, D.S. Hira, System Simulation,	Tata McGraw Hill. Prentice Hall of India. S. Chand & Co.
4.	Gorden, System Simulation, David Kelton, Simulation Modeling & Analysis,	Prentice Hall. Tata McGraw Hill.

# Subject Code: PCME-822Title of the course: COMPUTER INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- CO1: Enhance the knowledge of application of computers in manufacturing processes.
- **CO2:** Improvement in the management skills.
- **CO3:** To motivated in field of automation.
- **CO4:** Develop the knowledge of modern quality checkup.
- **CO5**: Modernization ways enhancement.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
		Programme Outcomes (POs)										
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	3	1	2	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3
CO2	2	3	3	3	1	3	3	2	3	3	3	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	3	1	3	1	3	2	2	3
CO4	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	3	2	2
CO5	3	3	2	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	2	3
Avg.	2.2	3	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.4	3	1.2	2.8	2.8	2.4	2.6

Theory

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Computer Aided Manufacturing (review)	04
Introduction to conventional and modern manufacturing systems. NC, CNC, DNC and adaptive control	
Material handling	06
Principles and characteristics of material handling systems. Conveyor Systems, Automated storage and retrieval system (AS/RS), AGV.	
Robotics	08
Introduction, Basic motions, Precision of movements, Introduction to robot programming, End of arm tooling, Sensors, robot terminology, case study like pick and place of bolt for processing.	
Automated Inspection Quality Control	06
Automated inspection, introduction to Coordinate measuring machines (CMM), Surface measurements, machine vision, other optical inspection techniques, non-contact non optical inspection techniques	
Unit-II	_
Flexible Manufacturing Systems	08
Cellular manufacturing, components of FMS, types, design, implementation issues.	
Information management	08
Group technology, CAPP, Material requirement planning (MRP), Capacity Planning, Shop floor control, Inventory control.	
Project management	08
Introduction, time management, team management, cost management, risk management, introduction to lean manufacturing, cost analysis.	
ጥ <sub>2</sub> 4	

Total=48

- 1. Groover, M. P, Automation, Production Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing, PHI.
- 2. Shivanand, Benal, Koti , Flexible Manufacturing System, New Age
- 3. Groover &Zimmers, CAD/CAM Computer-Aided Design and Manufacuring, Pearson
- Chang, Wysk, Wang , Computer-aided Manufacturing, PHI.
   Heerkensens, Project Management ,McGraw Hill

Subject Code	: PEME-821(A)
Title of the course	: ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load		
3	0	0	3	3		

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- CO1: To apply knowledge leaned on AM and RE technologies for product development.
- **CO2:** Demonstrate comprehensive knowledge of the broad range of AM processes, devices, capabilities and materials that are available. •
- **CO3:** To know the principle methods, areas of usage, possibilities and limitations as well as environmental effects of the Additive Manufacturing technologies
- **CO4**: To analyse principles behind AM and RE techniques, and to be fluent in selecting additive manufacturing processes, devices and materials to suit product requirements.
- **CO5**: To be familiar with the characteristics of the different materials those are used in Additive Manufacturing.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
					Pro	gramme	Outcome	es (POs)				
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	3	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	3	3	1	1	2	1	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	2	1	3	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	2	1	3	3	2	3	1	3	3	3	3
Avg.	3	2.6	2.2	2.4	2.8	2.2	1.8	2.2	2.8	2.2	2.4	3

#### Theory:

Course Description	Lecture	
Unit-I	.I	
Introduction	10	
Additive Manufacturing: Overview, History, Need and Classification, Prototype Fundamentals, Additive		
Manufacturing Concepts in product development, Materials for Additive Manufacturing Technology, Data		
Interfacing for Additive Manufacturing.		
Liquid Based and Solid Based Additive Manufacturing Systems	10	
Classification, Liquid based system, Stereolithography Apparatus (SLA): Principle, process, advantages and		
applications, Solid based system, Fused Deposition Modeling: Principle, process, advantages and		
applications, Laminated Object Manufacturing.		
Powder Based Additive Manufacturing Systems		
Selective Laser Sintering: Principles, Process, advantages and applications, Three-Dimensional Printing:		
Principle, process, advantages and applications. Laser Engineered Net Shaping (LENS), Electron Beam		
Melting. Evaluation and Comparison of AM Technologies; AM Technologies in Research		
Unit 2		
Reverse Engineering	12	
Introduction to Reverse Engineering, Data Capturing Technologies, Model Reconstruction, Data Processing		
for Additive Manufacturing Technology: CAD model preparation, Part Orientation and support generation,		
Model Slicing, Tool path Generation., RE-AM integration. Softwares for Additive Manufacturing		
Technology: MIMICS, MAGICS.		
Additive Manufacturing and Reverse Engineering in Industrial Applications	06	
Applications of Additive Manufacturing in Manufacturing and Tooling, Customized implants and prosthesis:		
Design and production. Bio-Additive Manufacturing- Biomedical Applications of AM: Medical, Biomedical,		

Dental, Bio-printing, Tissue & Organ Engineering and many others- Computer Aided Tissue Engineering (CATE): Case studies.

Total=48

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Chua C.K., Leong K.F., and Lim C.S, Rapid Prototyping: Principles and applications, Third Edition, World Scientific Publishers, 2010.
- 2. C. K. Chua, and K. F. Leong, 3D Printing and Additive Manufacturing: Principles and Applications, 3rd Edition, World Scientific Publishing Company, 2014
- 3. K.G. Cooper, Rapid Prototyping Technology: Selection and Application, Marcel Dekker, 2001
- 4. Gebhardt A, Rapid prototyping, Hanser Gardener Publications, 2003.
- 5. Liou L.W. and Liou F.W, Rapid Prototyping and Engineering applications : A tool box for prototype development, CRC Press, 2007.
- 6. Kamrani A.K. and Nasr E.A, Rapid Prototyping: Theory and practice, Springer, 2006.
- 7. Hilton P.D. and Jacobs P.F, Rapid Tooling: Technologies and Industrial Applications, CRC press, 2000.
- 8. W.M. Steen, Laser Material Processing, 2nd Edition, Springer, 1998.

# Journals and Magazines:

- Rapid Prototyping Journal, Emerald
- Computer Aided Design, Elsevier
- International Journal of Advanced Manufacturing Technology, Springer
- International Journal of Computer Integrated Manufacturing, Taylor and Francis
- Virtual and Physical Prototyping, Taylor and Francis.

Subject Code	: PEME-821 (B)
Title of the course	: COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN (CAD)

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

**CO1:** Create the different wireframe primitives using parametric representations.

**CO2:** Create surface primitives using parametric modeling. **CO3:** Create the different solid primitives using the different representation schemes.

**CO4:** Apply geometric transformations on the created wireframe, surface and solid models.

CO5: Impart advanced education in the fields of design

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
					Prog	gramme (	Outcome	s (POs)				
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	2	1	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	3
CO3	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	3
CO4	3	3	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	3
CO5	2	1	1	2	2	3	2	3	2	1	2	3
Avg.	2.8	2.4	1.8	2	2	2.2	1.8	1.4	2	1	1.6	3

# Theory:

Course Description	Lectures		
UNIT I			
Introduction	06		
Definitions, Historical Development. Geometric Modeling, Nameable and Unnamable shapes,			
Explicit and Implicit Equations, Intrinsic Equations, Parametric Equations, Coordinate Systems.			
Design of Curves	10		
Algebraic and Geometric Forms, Parametric space of a curve, Blending functions,			
Reparametrization, Truncating, Extending and subdividing, Space curve, Four point form,			
Straight lines, Spline Curves, Bezier Curves, B-spline Curves, Rational Polynomials, introduction			
to NURBS			
Design of Surfaces	08		
Algebraic and Geometric form, Tangent and Twist Vectors, Normal, Parametric space of a			
surface, Blending Functions, Reparametrization of a surface patch, subdividing, Sixteen Point			
form, Four Curve Form, Plane surface, Cylindrical Surface, Ruled surface, Surface of Revolution.			
Bezier Surface, B-Spline Surface.			
UNIT II			
Solid Modeling Fundamentals	08		
Topology of Closed Paths, Piecewise flat surfaces, topology of closed curved surfaces,			
Generalized Concept of boundary, Set theory, Boolean operators, Set-membership Classification,			
Euler operators, Formal Modeling Criteria, Constructive Solid Geometry, Boundary			
Representation.			
Transformations	06		
Translation, Rotation, Scaling Symmetry and Reflection, Homogeneous Transformations.			
Orthographic Projections, Axonometric Projections, Oblique Projections, Perspective			
Transformation			
Introduction to Assembly-modeling	05		

Introduction to assembly, Analytical Properties, Relational Properties and intersections, Data	
transfer formats.	
Applications	05
Implementation of the algorithms on MATLAB, Construction of Solid and Surface Models on	
any of the high end solid modelers (IDEAS / ProE and Imageware Surfacer).	
	Total=48

- 1. Michael E. Mortension ,Geometric Modeling, John Wiley.
- 2. Zeid, I., CAD/CAM, McGraw Hill (2008).
- 3. Rogers, D. F. and Adams, J. A., Mathematical Elements for Computer Graphics, McGraw Hill (1989).
- 4. Rogers, D. F., Procedural Elements for Computer Graphics, McGraw Hill (2008).
- 5. Rooney, J. and Steadman, P., Principles of Computer Aided Design, prentice Hall (1988).
- 6. Rooney, J. and Steadman, P., Computer Aided Design, Pitman/Open University (1987).
- 7. Mallineuse, G., Computational Concepts and Methods, Kogan Page Ltd. (1986)

# Subject Code: PEME-821 (C)Title of the course: PRODUCT DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Understand the prerequisites of the product design & development, concept of product life cycle, including PLM framework, product data management, system integration and quality issues.
- **CO2:** Apply the concept of value engineering and value analysis to product design & development.
- **CO3:** Understand the underlying issues on material and process selection for product design & development.
- **CO4:** Apply the concept of design for manufacture and assembly, incorporating other life cycle issues at the design stage.
- **CO5**: Understand the principles of engineering ethics and liability issues; and apply the basic tools of design protection.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):												
<b>G</b> 0	Programme Outcomes (POs)												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	
CO3	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	3	
CO4	3	3	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3	
CO5	1	2	1	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	1	3	
Avg.	2.6	2.6	2.2	2	2	2.4	1.8	2.6	2.2	2.2	1.4	3	

#### Theory:

Course Description	Lecture
UNIT I	
Stages in Design process	07
Introduction to various stages of the design process: Identify Customer Needs, establish target	
specifications, Generate and Test Product concept, Final Specifications, Product architecture,	
Industrial Design, Case study.	
Product life cycle	08
New product introduction: early introduction, increased product life. Product Lifecycle Management: Product information, PLM framework, Enabling technologies, Product data management (PDM), Functions of PDM software. System integration, QFD, House of quality, Case studies.	
Value engineering	05
Introduction, nature and measurement of value, Value analysis job plan, Creativity and techniques	00
of creativity, Value analysis test, Case studies	
Concurrent/ reverse engineering	04
Introduction, basic principles, components, benefits of concurrent engineering. Concept of reverse engineering.	
UNIT II	
Design for Manufacture	06
Product design for life-cycle, concurrent engineering, Design for Excellence (DFX), design for manufacture, rule-based and plan based DFM, automated manufacturability assessment, Automated manufacturability assessment.	
Product Assembly & Testing	06

Product design for a given need or identified need, Development and evaluation of multiple	
solutions and concepts, Manufacturability assessments of given design, Product Costing and Bill	
of Materials, Process planning for components and assembly, Product manufacturing and Testing.	
Establishing techno-economic feasibility product testing and Management Studies test marketing.	
Product Management	07
Commonly used DFX tools including, QFD, POKA YOKE, FMEA, Design for manual assembly	
and automated assembly, design for environment, Industrial and real-life case studies of DFX.	
product manager-functions and tasks-tools and techniques. Brand extensions, acquisitions, Brand	
value, Consumer insight. Strategies brand management.	
Patents, liability and ethics	05
Introduction, Protecting your design: patents, copyright, basic tools of design protection. Liability	
issues in product design. Ethical considerations, Examples/ case studies	
	Total-49

Total=48

- 1. Karl T. Ulrich, Steven D. Eppinger, Product Design & Development, Mc GrawHill.
- 2. John M. Usher, Utpal Roy and H. R. Parasaei, Integrated Product and Process Development, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. G. Boothroyd, P. Dewhurst and W. Knight, Product Design for Manufacture and Assembly, Marcel Dekker.
- 4. A. K. Chitale and R. C. Gupta, Product Design and Manufacture, PHI.
- 5. Mahmoud M. Farag, Selection of Materials and Manufacturing Processes for Engineering Design, Printice Hall.
- 6. M. F. Ashby, Material Selection in Mechanical Design, Elsevier.
- 7. Biren Prasad, Concurrent Engineering, Prentice Hall.

# Subject Code: PEME 822 (A)Title of the course: ADVANCED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Understand and formulate solution intricacies of linear programming problem, and obtain the sensitivity of optimal solution using graphical approach.
- **CO2:** Learn the underlying concepts of nonlinear programming problem, including solution of nonlinear programming problem without constraints, and those with  $\leq$ , = and  $\geq$  type constraints.
- **CO3:** Formulate the integer programming problems for engineering applications, and to acquire the familiarity with the conventional methods of solution.
- **CO4:** Understand the difference between traditional and nontraditional optimization techniques, with regard to advantages, limitation and applications.
- **CO5**: Apply the simple genetic algorithm to an optimization problem.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):												
<b>G</b> 0	Programme Outcomes (POs)												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	3	3	
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	3	
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	1	3	
Avg.	3	3	3	3	2.2	1.6	1.8	1	2	1	1.8	2.8	

#### Theory

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	•
Linear programming	12
Modelling of linear programming problem – a few examples; Solution of linear programming problem – simplex method, two-phase method, M-method; Sensitivity analysis – graphical approach	
Non-linear programming	
Convex and non-convex search space, Kuhn-Tucker conditions, Hessian matrix; Transformation of constrained optimization problems into unconstrained ones – penalty function approach; Direct search – variable elimination method, random search method	12
Unit-II	
Integer Programming	12
Modelling of integer programming problem – a few examples; Solution of integer programming problem – branch & bound algorithm, cutting-plane algorithm; Traveling salesman problem – formulation, solution and practical applications	
Heuristic models	
Limitations of traditional optimization approaches to solve real world problems, Population based optimization techniques, Simple genetic algorithms – introduction, representation of variables, fitness function, genetic operators – reproduction, crossover, mutation; Advantages and limitations of population-based optimization techniques over the point-to-point based ones, Multi objective optimization, case study.	12

Total=48

- 1. Taha, H. A, Operations Research, PHI.
- Pana, H. A., Operations Research, J.H.
   Deb, K., Optimization of Engineering Design, PHI.
   D.S. Hira, P. K. Gupta , Operations Research, S. Chand.
   Rao, Optimization techniques, New Age International.

# Subject Code: PEME-822 (B)Title of the course: NON-CONVENTIONAL MACHINING PROCESSES

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

**CO1:** Understand the various non-conventional machining processes and their classifications.

CO2: Identify different process parameters required for selection of the processes.

CO3: Understand different mechanical energy-based processes.

CO4: Understand electro-chemical processes and their variants.

CO5: Know various thermal metal removal processes and their classification

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):													
		Programme Outcomes (POs)												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	3		
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	1	2	1	1	3		
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	3		
CO4	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	3		
CO5	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	2	1	2	3		
Avg.	3	3	2.6	2	2.6	2.4	2.2	1	1.6	1.4	1.6	3		

## Theory

Course Description	Lecture(s)
Unit-I	
Overview of mechanical removal processes	12
Introduction, Classification of various non-conventional machining processes. Working principle, selection of processes, mechanism of material removal, Horn design, process capabilities, applications & limitations of the Ultrasonic Machining (USM)	
Abrasives water-jet processes	12
Working principles, mechanism of material removal study and selection of process parameters, machining characteristics, applications & limitations of the following processes, Abrasive Jet Machining (AJM), Water Jet machining (WJM), Abrasive Water Jet Machining (AWJM), Abrasive Flow Machining Process (AFM).	
Unit-II	
Electro chemical processes	12
Principle of operation, mechanism of material removal, study of equipment and selection of process parameters, process capabilities, tool design applications & limitations of the following processes, Chemical Machining (CM), Electro chemical machining (ECM). Electrochemical Honing, Electrochemical de-burring, Electro stream and shaped Tube Electrolytic Machining.	,
Thermal metal removal processes	12
Thermal energy methods of material processing by Electric Discharge Machining (EDM), Electron Beam Machining (EBM), Ion-Beam Machining (IBM), and Laser Beam Machining (LBM), Introduction to new concept of High-Speed Machining, Ultra-Precision Machining and Hard Turning	,
	Total=4

- 1. P.K. Mishra, Non-Conventional Machining, Narosa Publishing House.
- 2. Pandey & Shan, Modern Machining Methods, TMH.
- 3. Mc Geough, Principles of Electrochemical Machining, Chapman & Hall.
- 4. Arata. A, Plasma, Electron and Laser beam Technology, ASM.

5. Bijoy Bhattacharyya & Biswanath Doloi, Modern Machining Technology: Advanced, Hybrid, Micro Machining and Super Finishing Technology, Elsevier.

# Subject Code: PEME-822 (C)Title of the course: MEASUREMENT AND INSTRUMENTATION

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Understand significance and basic principles of measuring instruments.
- **CO2:** Know the measuring problems and errors encountered in the measurement system.
- CO3: Acquire the data and selection of specific processing methodologies to analyse the data.
- **CO4:** Understand the construction and working of various industrial devices used to measure temperature, level, vibration, flow and viscosity.
- CO5: Analyse, formulate and selection of suitable sensor for the given industrial applications.

CO/PO Mapping: (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):												
Programme Outcomes (POs)												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO 4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	1	1	3	2	3	2	2	2	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	3	1
CO3	3	3	1	2	3	2	1	3	3	2	1	2
CO4	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	3	2	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
Avg.	3	2.4	2.4	2	1.6	2.2	2	2.8	2.8	2	2.4	2

## Theory:

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Significance of Measurement and Instrumentation	04
Introduction; generalized configuration and functional stages of measuring systems. information, energy and incremental models; characteristics of instruments, design and selection of components of a measuring system.	
Errors in Measurement and Its Analysis	04
Causes and types of experimental errors; systematic and random errors. Uncertainty analysis; computation of overall uncertainty; estimation for design and selection for alternative test methods, Calibration of measuring instruments.	
Transducers	08
Developments in sensors, detectors and transducer technology; displacement transducers; force, torque and motion sensors; piezoelectric transducers; capacity type transducers; Strain gage transducers; accelerometers, pressure transducers based on elastic effect of volume and connecting tubing.	
Static & Dynamic Response of Instruments	08
Mathematical model of a measuring system, response of general form of instruments to various test inputs; dynamic response for first and second order instruments. Elementary transfer functions and Bode plots of general transfer functions.	
Unit-II	
Data Acquisition and Signal Processing	10
Systems for data acquisition and processing; modules and computerized data system; digitization rate; time and frequency domain representation of signals, and Nyquist criterion. Statistical parameter in signal analysis, different signal processing tools.	
Flow Measurement	04
Flow visualization, shadowgraph; schlieren and interferometric techniques; Pitot static tubes; hot wire anemometers; Laser Doppler velometer; flow measurements using Coriolis effect.	

Temperature and Heat Flux Measurement	04
Thermoelectric sensors; electric resistance sensors; thermistors; radiations pyrometers; Temperature	
measuring problems in flowing fluids, dynamic compensation.	
Pressure, Force and Torque Measurement	06
Mechanical and electromechanical methods for pressure, force and torque measurement. Orientation of	
sensors and design of electric /electronic circuits of the same.	

## **Text Books:**

## Total=48

- 1. Doeblin E. O., "Measurements System Application and Design", 5th Ed., McGraw Hill
- 2. Trietly Harry L., Dekker Marcel, "Transducers in Mechanical and Electronic Design", 1st Ed., CRC Press.
- 3. Beckwith T. G., Marangoni R. D., and Lienhard J. H., "Mechanical Measurements", 6th Ed., Prentice Hall.
- 4. Eckert E. R. G. and Goldstein R. J., "Measurements in Heat Transfer", 2nd Ed., Springer.
- 5. Goldstein R. J., "Fluid Mechanics Measurement", 1st Ed., Hemisphere Publishing Company.

# Subject Code: PEME-822 (D)Title of the course: DESIGN OF WELDED STRUCTURES

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly
				Load
3	0	0	3	3

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Understand the importance of material properties and learn about weld joints, weld symbols and principles of joint design used in welding.
- **CO2:** Analyze the welded joints subjected to different types of loading conditions (static as well as dynamic like fatigue) and make calculations regarding weld size accordingly.
- CO3: Learn, understand, identify and predict about different types of fracture in welds.
- **CO4:** Understand the concept of fracture toughness in welding.
- **CO5:** Learn, calculate and gain knowledge about estimation and costing involved in welded fabrications.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):												
	Programme Outcomes (POs)												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	3	3	3	
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	3	3	2	2	
CO3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	2	
CO4	2	1	3	3	1	2	2	1	2	2	3	2	
CO5	3	1	2	3	2	1	2	1	3	3	2	3	
Avg.	2.8	1.8	2.4	2.6	2	2	2	1.4	2.4	2.8	2.6	2.4	

#### Theory:

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Properties of Materials	06
Importance of properties, tensile, compressive, shear, fatigue, impact	
Weld Joints, Weld Symbols and Principles Of Joint Design	06
Welded joints and their types, types of welds, weld symbols, general and specific joint design principles	
Fundamentals of Design and Weld Design for Static Loading	06
Introduction to analysis by bending, shear deflection in beams, deflection of curved beams, designing for torsional loading, calculations for weld size. Cases of different types of welded joints: Parallel fillet, transverse fillet, circular fillet weld subjected to torsion and bending moment, Butt joints	
Weld Design for Dynamic Loading	06
Fatigue loading of welds: Characteristics of fatigue failure, fracture mechanism, types of fatigue failure,	
factors affecting fatigue life, techniques/methods for improving fatigue life of welded structures	
Unit-II	
Fracture Toughness in Welding	12
Introduction to fracture toughness, Types of fracture: ductile and brittle, factors affecting types of	
fracture, Plane stress and plane strain conditions in welds, Modes of crack extension in materials.	
Classification of engineering materials on the basis of fracture toughness	
Methods for determining fracture toughness of welds:	
(i) Concept of LEFM (Linear elastic fracture mechanics)	
Concept of (EPFM) ( Elastic plastic fracture mechanics	
Costing for Welding	12

Definition of terms, composition of welding costs- equipment cost, cost of consumables, labour cost, overhead cost, total cost- method of calculating these costs. Standard time and method of calculating standard time

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Omer W. B., "Design of Weldment, James.F. Lincoln Arc Welding Foundation, 1991.
- 2. Gray T. G. E. "Rational Welding Design, Butterworths.
- 3. Hertzberg R.W., "Deformation and Fracture of Mechanics of Engineering Materials, John Wiley.
- 4. Dieter G.,,,Mechanical Metallurgy, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 5. Guerey T.R., "Fatigue of Welded Structure, Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Broek, Elementary Engineering Fracture Mechanics, Kluwer Academic Publishers.
- 7. R. S. Parmar, Welding Engineering & Technology, Khanna Publishers

Total=48

Subject Code	: PEME-822 (E)
Title of the course	: SURFACE ENGINEERING

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Learn about surface engineering, its importance and practical applications.
- **CO2:** Demonstrate comprehensive knowledge of the various surfacing materials and processes/techniques involved in surface engineering.
- **CO3:** To know the principal methods, areas of application, possibilities and limitations as well as economics involved in surface engineering.
- **CO4**: Articulate the various causes and the possible remedies of the failed components. Moreover, the students will be able to re-work over failed components and understand the need and importance of repair welding.
- **CO5**: To get familiar with the characteristics of the different materials used in repair and reclamation. Understand the various repair and reclamation welding procedures/techniques with specific case studies.

	CO/PO Mapping: (Strong(3) / Medium(2) / Weak(1) indicates strength of correlation):														
COs	Programme Outcomes (POs)												S	Programme Specific Outcomes	
1	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO1	PO1	PO1	PS	PS	PS
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	01	O2	03
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	3
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Avg.	3	2.8	2	2.2	2	1.4	1.4	1	1	1	1	1	2.8	2	2.8

Theory:	
Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Introduction	8
Need and requirement, Engineering aspects of surface engineering, Surfacing- introduction, hardfacing, cladding, build up and buttering; Some of the common surfacing applications- steel plants, power plants, earth moving equipment, agricultural implements, chemical & petrochemical industries, etc.	
Welding Processes/Techniques for surfacing:	8
Capabilities of various processes with respect to surfacing and recent developments in these; concept of weld cladding, various techniques used for cladding, cladding materials, areas of applications; various thermal spraying techniques, spraying materials along with applications; use of different surface coatings along with areas of applications	
Surfacing Materials:	8
Types of surfacing alloys- Iron based alloys, nickel-based alloys, chromium based alloys, cobalt based alloys and copper based alloys; their characteristics; factors to be considered in selection of surfacing alloys.	
Unit 2	-
Repair welding	8

Need of repair welding - techno-economics aspects, repair welding procedures for components made of steel casting and cast iron, cast iron repair, classification of repair welding procedures according to the size. Some general examples of repair welding viz. Connecting rod, iron pulley, iron plate, shafts or carriage wheels etc.	
<b>Repair Welding for specific applications:</b> Damaged bends in gas transmission pipeline, heat exchanger repair techniques-explosive expansion, plugging, etc., creep damaged high temperature components, repair of cracked petroleum pressure vessel/reactor.	10
<b>Temper bead welding:</b> Special procedures to avoid post-repair stress relief heat treatments; half bead, temper bead techniques, usage of different alloys filler metals	6

Total=48

- 1. Dobly R.E., Kent K.S., 'Repair and Reclamation', The Welding Institute, 1986
- 2. Maintenance Welding in Nuclear Power Plants, American Welding Society, 1988.
- 3. Recommended Practice for Repair welding and Fabrication Welding of Steel Casting, Steel Foundry Research Foundation , 1981.
- 4. Lim Cottrel C., The Welding Institute, 'Welding Cast Irons', 1991.
- 5. Weld Surfacing and Hardfacing. The Welding Institute, 1987.
- Nagendra Reddy A., 'Maintenance Welding Made Easy', Jaico Publishing House, 1997

Subject Code	: PCME 823
Title of the course	: MODELING AND SIMULATION LAB

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
0	0	2	1	2

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Identify the underlying concepts; advantages, limitations and usefulness of modeling & simulation of engineering systems in general, and that of manufacturing systems in particular.
- CO2: Construct mathematical model for continuous and discrete engineering systems.
- **CO3:** Obtain random samples by generating & testing random numbers [0, 1], and converting to random variates as per appropriate statistical (probability) distribution.
- **CO4:** Simulate the problems of manufacturing systems and management science using appropriate set of random samples.
- CO5: Design the simulation experiment for static, dynamic and stochastic systems.

	CO/PO Mapping: Strong(3) / Medium(2) / Weak(1) indicates strength of correlation:														
Cos	Programme Outcomes (POs)													amme S )utcome	
005	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	1	1
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	2	1
CO3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	2	2	2
CO4	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	2	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	1	2
Avg.	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	1.4	1.8	1.8

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT
1.	Develop a mathematical model for the pure pursuit problem involving an object A chasing (at a constant speed) the object B moving with predetermined path in a two-dimensional space. Obtain the simulation in results in MatLAB.
2.	Develop a mathematical model for the pursuit problem involving an object A chasing (at a constant speed) the object B moving on a path changing the direction of motion randomly in a two-dimensional space. Obtain the simulation in results in MatLAB.
3.	Develop a mathematical model for simulation of a serial chase problem involving four object A, B, C and D located at 4-vortex of a square, chasing each other with same uniform velocity. Obtain the simulation in results in MatLAB.
4.	Develop a mathematical model for simulation of path of a projectile, considering air resistance to be proportional to some power of velocity $(v^n)$ . Obtain the simulation in results in MatLAB considering (a) g to be constant, (b) g to be variable.
5.	Develop a mathematical model for simulation of a chemical reactor problem involving three products A, B, C reacting together, with 1 gm each producing the 3 gm of the product D in forward reaction, and decomposition in the reverse reaction. Obtain the simulation in results in MatLAB
6.	Attempt the following using MatLAB.

	a. Develop a set of 500 IID R[0, 1] using linear congruential method.
	b. Conduct a test for (i) uniformity, and (ii) statistical independence.
	c. Generate a set of random variates for (i) N(10, 2), and (ii) Exp(5).
7.	Develop a simulation model for change in population in the country considering various real world
	factors. Obtain the simulation in results in MatLAB.
8.	Develop a simulation model for a (i) single server, (b) double server, (c) 3-server queue for a
	railway reservation problem, involving complex arrivals and service times with balking, reneging
	and jockeying. Obtain the simulation in results in MatLAB
9.	Develop a simulation model for (a) an inventory system, (b) demand forecast. Obtain the
	simulation in results in MatLAB.
10.	Develop a simulation model for obtaining the criticality index of various paths (sequence of
	activities) for completion of the project for a given PERT problem using MatLAB.

# Subject Code: PCME-824Title of the course: COMPUTER INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING LAB

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
0	0	0	2	4

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Apply CAM in real life application
- **CO2:** Apply G codes and M codes for CNC programming
- **CO3:** Utilize different software modules to manage the industrial data
- **CO4:** Develop the knowledge of modern quality check-up.

**CO5**: Modernization ways enhancement.

	CO/PO Mapping: (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):												
	Programme Outcomes (POs)												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	
CO3	3	2	3	1	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	2	
CO4	2	2	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	
CO5	3	3	2	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	2	3	
Avg.	2.8	2.6	2.6	1.8	2.8	2.4	2.8	1	3	2.6	2.8	2.2	

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT
1.	Fabrication and testing of setup for cutting force measurement using strain gauge.
2.	Fabrication and testing of setup for cutting force measurement using piezoelectric crystal.
3.	Fabrication of displacement measurement system using proximity sensor.
4.	Development and testing of digital encoder.
5.	Development of circuitry and its testing for cutting tool temp. measurement using
	thermocouples.
6.	System design and testing for tracking of light source or LED movement on a shop floor
7.	Design and fabrication of RPM measurement instrument (contact type and non-contact type).
8.	Programming and making job on CNC lathe machine.
9.	Programming and making job on CNC milling machine.
10.	Development and testing of unidirectional conveyor system.

Subject Code	: PEME-823(A)
Title of the course	: ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING LAB

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
0	0	2	1	2

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Learn what Advanced/Additive manufacturing (AM) is and understand why it has become one of the most important technology trends in decades for product development and innovation.
- **CO2:** Demonstrate comprehensive knowledge of the broad range of AM processes, devices, capabilities and materials that are available. •
- **CO3:** To know the principle methods, areas of usage, possibilities and limitations as well as environmental effects of the Additive Manufacturing technologies

**CO4**: Articulate the various trade-offs that must be made in selecting advanced/additive manufacturing processes, devices and materials to suit particular product requirements.

**CO5**: To be familiar with the characteristics of the different materials those are used in Additive Manufacturing.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):													
<i></i>	Programme Outcomes (POs)													
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	2	1	3	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	3		
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	1	2	2	3	3		
CO3	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3		
CO4	3	3	2	3	1	2	2	3	3	3	1	3		
CO5	3	2	1	3	3	1	3	1	3	3	3	3		
Avg.	3	2.6	2	2.4	2.6	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.8	2.4	2.4	3		

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT
1.	Geometric model: CAD
2.	Free-form 3d model
3.	Reverse Engineering: Introduction
4.	Reverse Engineering: From Scanner to Model validation
5.	Additive Manufacturing Process Plan: Building Strategies
6.	Additive Manufacturing Process Plan: Post Processing
7.	Development of Additive Manufacturing Technology
8.	Extrusion Based Additive Manufacturing Process
9.	Powder bed fusion and material jetting Additive Manufacturing Process Project Group Meeting
10.	Additive manufacturing in medical applications and Bio-manufacturing

Subject Code	: PEME-823 (B)
Title of the course	: COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN (CAD) LAB

I	L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
	0	0	2	1	2

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

**CO1:** Create the different wireframe primitives using parametric representations.

**CO2:** Create surface primitives using parametric modeling.

CO3: Create the different solid primitives using the different representation schemes.

**CO4:** Apply geometric transformations on the created wireframe, surface and solid models.

CO5: Impart advanced education in the fields of design

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
<b>G</b> 0	Programme Outcomes (POs)											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	1	3	2	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	2	2	1	2	1	3	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3
CO5	1	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	2	2	3	3
Avg.	2.6	2.6	2.6	2	2.4	1.8	2	1.6	2.8	2	2.6	3

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT
1.	Introduction and Installation of CAD/CAE Softwares
2.	Introduction to Solid Modelling & Pro/E Package
3.	Introduction to MATLAB Programming
4.	Working with advanced modeling tools (Sweep, Blend & Swept Blend)
5.	Assembly modelling in Pro/E
6.	Generating, editing and modifying drawings in Pro/E
7.	Creating an assembly, moving components, wire frame and surface geometry.
8.	Generating of ferguson's cubic surface patches, Bezier surface patches and coons patches
9.	Exercises on Analytic Curves (Lines, Circles, Ellipses, Parabolas, Hyperbolas, Conics) using
	MATLAB Pr ogramming
10.	Exercises on Synthetic Curves (Cubic Spines, Bezier Cures, B-Spine Curves) using MATLAB
	Programming

Subject Code	: PEME-823 (C)
Title of the course	: PRODUCT DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT LAB

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
0	0	2	1	2

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Understand the prerequisites of the product design & development, concept of product life cycle, including PLM framework, product data management, system integration and quality issues.
- CO2: Apply the concept of value engineering and value analysis to product design & development.
- CO3: Understand the underlying issues on material and process selection for product design & development.
- **CO4:** Apply the concept of design for manufacture and assembly, incorporating other life cycle issues at the design stage.
- **CO5**: Understand the principles of engineering ethics and liability issues; and apply the basic tools of design protection.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
		Programme Outcomes (POs)										
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	3	1	1	2	2	3	3
CO3	3	1	2	2	2	3	3	1	2	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	1	2	3	2	2	1	3	3	3	3
CO5	1	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
Avg.	2.6	2.4	2.4	2	2.4	2.4	2.2	1.8	2.6	2.4	3	3

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENT
1.	To study activities and experimental techniques in product design and process development
2.	Implementation of Steps in product design and process development (A case study).
3.	To study basic costs for producing and distributing a product (A case study).
4.	To perform process development: allocation of time and effort for different products.
5.	To expose the students to different applications of simulation and analysis by using FEA Packages like ANSYS etc.
6.	A case study of Product launch and evaluation
7.	Case Study: Consumer Expectations of the Automobile Industry
8.	To expose the students to carryout detailed design calculations and analysis of any mechanical component or mechanical system
9.	To integrate the parts design with assembly and to prepare manufacturing drawings.
10.	To study product commercialisation: coordination of resources and project timing

Subject Code	: PEME-911 (A)
Title of the course	: QUALITY MANAGEMENT

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

CO1: Apply various 7 QC tools in practical applications.

**CO2:** Conduct quality performance measurements of any firm

**CO3:** Apply the QFD technique in product development

**CO4:** Conduct of Quality Audit and Reporting in an organization.

**CO5**: Select statistical tools of quality control tools.

	CO/PO Mapping: (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):												
		Programme Outcomes (POs)											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	
Avg.	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	

#### Theory:

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Introduction	8
Attributes of Quality, Evolution of Philosophy of Quality Management	
Total Quality Management	8
Quality Assurance and Total Quality Management, Models of Quality Management, Customer Value Enhancement, Product Quality Improvement	
Unit-II	
Quality Improvement Tools	20
QFD, Taguchi Methods, 7 QC tools, Statistical Process Control, Acceptance Sampling, Service Quality, Tools and Techniques of Service Quality Improvement, Quality Costs, Strategic Quality Planning, Quality in Non-Manufacturing Activities: Finance, Marketing, Human Resource Management, Administration, Quality System Implementation	
Quality Management Systems	
ISO 9000, Quality Information Systems, ISO 14000, Quality Audit & Reporting, Human Resource Management in TQM Environment, Case Studies	12
	Fotal=48

- 1. S.P.Singh, Vikas, Production and Operation Management, Publishers, Delhi
- 2. Grant & Leave worth, Statistical Quality Control, McGraw Hill
- 3. J.R. Taylor, Quality Control Systems, McGraw-Hill
- 4. M.Mhajan, Statistical Quality Control, Dhanpat Rai.
- 5. A.V. Taylor, Total Quality Control, McGraw-Hill.
- 6. Ravi Shankar, Industrial Engineering & Management, McGraw-Hill
- 7. Arvind Jayant, Industrial Engineering & Operation Management, Stadium International Press

Subject Code	:PEME-911(B)
Title of the course	SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

CO1: Knowledge gain about supply chain management concept

**CO2:** Conduct performance measurements of any supply chain.

**CO3:** Capable to apply the SCM philosophy in the industry.

CO4: Conduct of inventory management at inbound & outbound supply chain level

**CO5**: Understand the framework and scope of supply chain networks andfunctions.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
<b>G</b> 0					Pro	gramme	Outcome	es (POs)				
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	2	2	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	3	2	3
Avg.	3	3	3	3	3	1.4	1.6	1.4	2.2	2.6	2.4	3

Theory:

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Introduction	12
Role of Logistics and Supply chain Management: Scope and Importance, Evolution of Supply Chain, Decision Phases in Supply Chain, Competitive and Supply chain Strategies, Drivers of Supply Chain Performance and Obstacles.	
Supply Chain Network Design	12
Role of Distribution in Supply Chain, Factors influencing Distribution network design, Design options for Distribution Network Distribution Network in Practice-Role of network Design in Supply Chain, Framework for network Decisions	
Unit-II	
Logistics in Supply Chain	08
Role of transportation in supply chain, factors affecting transportations decision, Design option for transportation network, Tailored transportation, Routing and scheduling in transportation	
Sourcing and Coordination in Supply Chain	08
Role of sourcing supply chain supplier selection assessment and contracts, Design Collaboration, sourcing planning and analysis, supply chain co-ordination, Bull whip effect. Effect of lack of co-ordination in supply chain and obstacles, Building strategic partnerships and trust within a supply chain	
Supply Chain and Information Technology	08
The role IT in supply chain, The supply chain IT frame work, Customer Relationship Management Internal supply chain management, supplier relationship management, future of IT in supply chain, E- Business in supply chain	
	Total=48

Total=48

- Text Books:
  - 1. Sunil Chopra, Peter meindl and Kalra, Supply Chain Management, Strategy, Planning, and operation, Pearson Education, 2010.

- Srinivasan G.S, Quantitative models in Operations and Supply Chain Management, PHI, 2010.
   James B.Ayers, Handbook of Supply chain management, St.Lucle press, 2000.

Subject Code	:	PEME-911C
Title of the course	:	PROCESSING OF COMPOSITE

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

After learning the course, the students should be able to:

- **CO 1:** Understand the significance of replacing existing metal structures with composite materials wherever beneficial
- **CO 2:** Highlight the appropriate use of composite structures in the industry
- CO 3: Comprehend the complexity of design of composite materials and structures
- CO 4: Mainly understand the mechanics of composite materials
- **CO 5:** Students would have fundamental knowledge in mechanical analysis and design of structures made of composite materials.

	CO/F	CO/PO Mapping: (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):										
<b>G</b> 0					Progra	amme O	utcomes	(POs)				
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	1	3	1	2	3	2	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	1	2	3	3	2
CO4	2	3	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2
CO5	2	1	1	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	3
Avg.	2.6	2.6	1.8	2	1.4	1.6	2.6	1.4	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.4

Theory

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Introduction to Composite Materials	6
Definitions: Composite material, Fiber, Matrix. Types of fibers and Raw Fiber Properties, Types of Matrix, Prepegs, Fillers and other Additives, Advantages of Composite Materials and Structures. Applications and Use of Composite materials in present world	
Basics of composites	4
Mechanical Behavior of Composite Materials. Lamina, Laminate: The basic building block of a composite material	
Micromechanical Analysis of Composite Strength and Stiffness	8
Properties of typical composite materials. Volume and Weight Fractions. Longitudinal Strength and Stiffness. Transverse Modulus. In-plane shear Modulus. Poisson's ratio	
Elastic Properties of the Unidirectional Lamina	6
Stress-strain relationships. Engineering Constants. Stress strain relations of a Thin Lamina. Examples	
Unit-II	
Analysis of Laminated Composites	8
Laminates, Basic Assumptions, Strain-Displacement Relationship, Stress-Strain Relationships, Equilibrium Equations, Laminate Stiffness, Determination of Lamina Stresses and Strains, Types of Laminate Configuration, Balanced Laminate, Anti-symmetric Laminate, Examples	
Fracture & Safety of Composite	10
Fracture behaviour of composites, Mechanics and Weakest link statistics, Griffith theory of brittle fracture and modification for structural materials, Basic fracture mechanics of composite (Fracture toughness, COD and J-integral approaches, Fatigue crack growth rate), Fracture Mechanics of brittle	

matrix fibre composite, Fracture mechanics of metal matrix fibre composite, Experimental evaluation (composite), Elementary reliability analysis.

Total=48

- 1. Agarwal, B.D. and Broutman, L.J., "Analysis and Performance of Fibre Composites", 3rd Ed., John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Jones, R.M., "Mechanics of Composite Materials", Taylor & Francis.
- 3. Ashbee, K.H.G. and Ashbee, H.G., "Fundamental Principles of Fibre Reinforced Composites", 2nd Ed., CRC Press.
- 4. Daniel, I.M. and Ishai, O., "Engineering Mechanics of Composite Materials", 2nd Ed., Oxford University Press.
- 5. Christensen, R.M., "Mechanics of Composite Materials", Dover Publications.
- 6. Kaw, A. K., "Mechanics of Composite Materials", 2nd Ed., CRC Press.

Subject Code	: PEME 911 (D)
Title of the course	: PHYSICS OF WELDING

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

CO1: Learn and understand different physical properties of fluids at elevated temperatures.

**CO2:** Learn and understand the concept of electricity and magnetism.

- **CO3:** Learn and understand about the basic concepts of fluid and magneto fluid dynamics and apply this fundamental knowledge for understanding electric arc in welding.
- **CO4:** Learn about metal transfer and mass flow in the weld pool and apply this knowledge for understanding its implications on the weld strength.

CO5: Learn and understand the concept of high power density welding.

	CO/P	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):												
<i></i>		Programme Outcomes (POs)												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12		
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	3		
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	3		
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	1	2	1	3	3		
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	1	2	3	2	3		
CO5	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3		
Avg.	3	3	3	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.6	1.6	2	1.6	2	3		

Course Description	Lecture
UNIT-I	
Physical Properties of Fluids at Elevated Temperatures	6
Introduction, gases, dissociation and ionization, the equation of state of a gas at elevated temperature, the equilibrium constant, evaluating the degree of dissociation and ionization, specific heat, transport phenomena, particle encounters in a slightly ionized gas, particle encounters in an highly ionized plasma, electrical conductivity, thermal conductivity, viscosity, calculating the transport coefficients, liquid metals, vapour pressure, surface tension, viscosity.	
Electricity and Magnetism	6
Fundamentals like Electrons and ions, electrostatics, Gauss's law, the magnetic force, the law of Biot and Savart, electromagnetic induction, the Maxwell stress and the force on a conducting body, the force acting on a liquid drop carrying an electric current, the current density and ohms law, the pinch instability: an approximate solution, the dynamics of instability in fluid cylinder, predicted behaviour of perturbed cylinder: radial pinch, higher unstable modes, the effect of an externally applied magnetic field, the growth rate constant, the effect of viscosity on the instability of a fluid cylinder.	
Fluid and Magneto Fluid Dynamics	6
Introduction, the continuity equation, the momentum equation, momentum, pressure, viscosity, Lorentz force, other forces, and the equilibrium condition, the stream function, the components of stress, the Bernoulli equation, solutions of the momentum equation, laminar flow from a point source of momentum with no electric current: the steady jet, the fluid pressure in the jet, the steady jet with a heat source, laminar flow from a point source in a semi-infinite fluid (no electric current), laminar flow in a semi-infinite fluid having a point source of current in the plane ( $\theta=\pi/2$ ), laminar flow in a semi-infinite fluid: the linear solution, the time-dependent development of flow due to a point source of current in a semi-infinite region, breakdown of the solution to the non-linear problem, other	

imitations to analytical solutions of the momentum equation, laminar flow in a liquid drop immersed n a conducting fluid carrying an electric current, distortion of the liquid drop, an ellipsoid of evolution in a conducting fluid: the drag coefficient, laminar flow in a hemisphere having a point source of current at the origin, flow in a container induced by a distributed current source. <b>The Electric Arc</b>	6
ntroduction, general description of glow and arc discharges, principal characteristics of the electrode regions of arcs, high electric and thermal fields, contraction, classification based on degree of contraction: range of observed current density, glow and arc cathode; glow and arc plasma; glow and arc cathode and abode falls, distinction between thermionic and non-thermionic cathodes, the lo voltage non-thermionic cathode, surface clean up and movement in magnetic field including retrograde motion, vapour and plasma jets; force on cathode, electrode material and surface state, nature of gas or vapour, value of current, gas pressure; vacuum arcs, theories of the cathode mechanism, the glow cathode: the thermionic cathode, theories of the non-thermionic cathode, the arc column, the anode, theory of glow anode, anode fall voltage and current density, energy balance at the mode, plasma and vapour jets.	
Unit-II The Electric Arc in Welding	8
introduction, structural features, overall electrical characteristics, the total arc characteristics at various pressures, relationship between power source and arc characteristics, arc efficiency, cathode obenomena, cathode phenomena, cathode phenomena and characteristics: thermionic cathodes, the botential drop adjacent to a thermionic cathode, cathode phenomena and characteristics: non- hermionic cathodes, anode phenomena, anode characteristics, the anode at the tip of the rod, the heat balance at the anode, the depth of the anode drop zone, the arc column, the energy flux in the arc column, the ac column temperature, mass flow in the arc column, the effect of pressure variation on he arc column, calculating mass and heat flow in the arc column, arc stiffness and arc blow, controlling arc stiffness and arc force.	
Metal Transfer and Mass Flow in the Weld Pool	8
Metal transfer, introduction, the effect of static forces in drop detachment, the pinch instability in GMA welding, other unstable modes, the burn off rate, the drop temperature, the drop transfer rate, he pinch model applied to the droplet transfer rate, transfer of drops across the arc, the arc force, the weld pool, flow in the weld pool, the weld pool temperature, the shape of the weld pool and the einforcement bead, the effect of composition and surface condition on the shape of the weld pool.	0
High Power Density Welding	8
Introduction, keyholing, range of power densities in welding processes (a) high power densities, (b) Intermediate power densities, (c) & (d) low power densities, threshold power density for vaporization, dize of the keyhole, discussion on forces acting within the keyhole, forces tending to form and maintain he keyhole like beam pressure, vapour pressure, recoil pressure, ; forces tending to close the keyhole ike Gravitational pressure, Surface tension pressure, pressure balances for a generalised keyhole a) pottom of the keyhole (closed), b) sides of the keyhole, moving weld pool.	
ntermediate power densities, (c) & (d) low power densities, threshold power density for vaporization, size of the keyhole, discussion on forces acting within the keyhole, forces tending to form and maintain he keyhole like beam pressure, vapour pressure, recoil pressure, ; forces tending to close the keyhole ike Gravitational pressure, Surface tension pressure, pressure balances for a generalised keyhole a) bottom of the keyhole (closed), b) sides of the keyhole, moving weld pool.	al=48

- The Physics of Welding by J. F. Lancaster, Publisher: Pargamon Press.
   Advanced joining technologies by T. W. Eager, Publisher: Chapman & Hall

# Subject Code:PEME-911(E)Title of the course:WELDABILITY OF ENGINEERING MATERIALS

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to **CO1:** Understand the concept of weldablity.

**CO2:** Understand various problems related to weldability.

**CO3:** Learn basic principles and methods utilized for testing weldability.

**CO4:** Apply the knowledge of weldability for various material alloy systems that are commonly used in commercial welding and manufacturing.

CO5: Apply the knowledge and skill for improvement of weldability for various materials.

#### **Pre-requisite knowledg**

110-10			U	ng: ( St	rong(3	) / Med	ium(2)	/ Weak	(1) ind	icates st	rength of	f correla	tion):		
COs					Progr	amme (	Outcom	nes (PO	s)				5	ogramr Specific Jutcome	c
	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO1	PO1	PO1	PS	PS	PS
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	01	O2	03
CO1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	-	1
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	2	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	3	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	3	3	3	2	3
Avg.	2.8	2.8	2.4	2.4	2.4	1.4	1.4	1	1	1	1.8	2.2	2.4	1.2	2.2

Theory

Course Description	Lecture(s)
Unit-I	
Weldablity	06
Concept, factors effecting weldablity, weldablity tests, Hot and cold cracking tests.	
Weldablity of cast irons	06
Welding issues related to cast irons (Gray cast iron, white cast iron and malleable cast iron).	
Weldablity of carbon steels	06
Weldablity of low carbon steel, medium carbon steels and high carbon steels.	
Weldablity of stainless steels	06
Weldablity of austenitic, ferritic, martensitic stainless steels.	
Unit-II	
Weldablity of copper and its alloys	06
Weldablity factors, welding of copper and its alloys, brazing and soldering of copper and its	
alloys	
Weldablity of aluminium and its alloys	06
Welding of aluminium and its alloys (GTAW and GMAW), problems associated with	
welding of aluminium.	
Weldablity of magnesium and nickel alloys	08
Welding of magnesium and nickel alloys, problem associated with welding of these alloys.	
Welding of plastics	04

## **Text Books:**

- 1. R. S. Parmar, Welding Engineering & Technology, Khanna Publications.
- 2. S. V. Nadkarni, Modern Arc Welding Technology, Oxford & IBH.
- 3. Leonard. P. Connor, AWS Welding Handbook, Volume-1, AWS.
- 4. IS-3600 (Part-I & II), Method of Testing Fusion Welded, BIS, New Delhi.
- 5. O P Khanna, Joints and Weld Metals in Steel Welding Technology, Dhanpat Rai

Total=48

Subject	t Code		: PEME-9	: PEME-911 (F)				
Title of	the cou	irse	: FLEXIB	LE MANUFACTU	RING SYSTEMS (FMS)			
L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load				
3	0	0	3	3				

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Understand the importance of Flexibility in manufacturing systems.
- **CO2:** Analyze the different types of manufacturing systems and different equipments involved in these systems.
- **CO3**: Learn, understand, identify and predict about different types of design and opearional problems in these manufacturing systems.
- **CO4:** Understand the concept of .group technology.
- CO5: Learn, calculate the solution methodology of FMS related manufacturing issues

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
					Prog	gramme (	Outcome	s (POs)				
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	1	1	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	1	1	2	1	3
CO3	3	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2
CO4	2	3	1	2	3	3	3	1	1	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	1	3	1	2
Avg.	2.6	2.8	2.2	2.6	2.2	2.8	2.6	1.2	1.2	2.4	1	2.6

Course Description	Lecture(s)
Unit-I	
Introduction	10
FMS definition and classification of manufacturing systems, automated production cycle, Need of flexibility, Concept of flexibility, Types of flexibilities and its measurement.	
FMS Equipment	14
Why FMS, Factors responsible for the growth of FMS, FMS types and applications, Economic justification for FMS, Functional requirements for FMS equipments, FMS processing and QA equipment, e.g., turning and machining centers, Co-ordinate measuring machines, Cleaning and deburring machines, FMS system support equipment, Automated material handling and storage equipment, cutting tool and tool management, Work holding considerations, Fixture considerations in FMS environment	
Unit-II	
Group Technology	08
GT concepts, Advantages of GT, Part family formation-coding and classification systems; Partmachine group analysis, Methods for cell formation, Use of different algorithms, mathematical programming and graph theoretic model approach for part grouping, Cellular vs FMS production.	
FMS related problem and Solution Methodology	14
FMS design problems: Part assignment, Machine selection, Storage system selection, Selection of pallets and fixtures, Selection of computer hardware and software, designing for layout integration of machine storage, Material handling System and computer system, Communication networks. FMS planning problems: Strategic planning, Part type selection, Machine grouping, production ratio and resource allocation, Machine loading problems.Operational & Control problems: Part scheduling, Machines robots & AGVS, Process monitoring & control.FMS Implementation: Objectives, acceptance testing, Performance goals and expectation maintenance concerns	

### Total=48

- 1. Groover Englewood, Automation, Production System & Computer Integrated Manufacturing
- 2. Rankey, Design and Operation of SMS, IFS
- 3. Wernecks, Flexible Manufacturing System, Spring Verlag.
- 4. Bonctto Northox, FMS in Practice, Ford
- W.W. Luggen, Flexible Manufacturing Cells and systems, Prentice Hall India.
   Vishwanathan & Narahari, Performance Modelling of Automated Manufacturing Systems, Prentice Hall India

# **OPEN ELECTIVE**

# Subject Code:OEME-911 (A)Title of the course:INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

**CO1:** Understand the basic concept of Production and Industrial engineering.

**CO2:** Develop and prepare various recording techniques associate with work study/ method study.

**CO3:** Able to apply various techniques for optimum utilization of resources.

**CO4:** Able to practical apply inventory control model.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
~ ~					Pro	gramme	Outcome	es (POs)				
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	3	3
Avg.	3	3	3	3	2.5	2.5	1.5	2.25	2.5	2	2.25	3

#### Theory

Course Description	Lecture(s)
Unit-I	
Introduction	8
Industrial Engineering, Definition and Evolution, Understanding Industrial System Focus:	
Production/Service System. Performance measures of a Production System -Production,	
Productivity, Efficiency, Effectiveness, Classical Industrial Engineering -Work Study:	
Method Study and Time Study, Human Factors, Ergonomics.	
Quality Control	8
Quality, TQM, SQC, Control Charts, Acceptance Quality Level (AQL), Lot Tolerance	
Percentage Defective (LTPD), Producer's Risk, Consumer's Risk, Operating Characteristic	
Curve, Simple Numerical Problems	
Value Engineering	8
Concept of value analysis, Aim and objectives, Phases in value analysis, Test for value	
analysis, Difference between V.E. and Cost Reduction Techniques, Functional Analysis	
System Techniques (FAST), Principles of Value Analysis.	
Unit-II	
Production and Process Planning	8
Objectives of PPC, Component of PPC, Phases of PPC, Process Planning, Steps in Process	
Planning for Flow Shop Scheduling, Types of Scheduling Systems, Master Scheduling,	
Order Scheduling, Comparison between Production Planning and Production Control,	
Sequencing.	
Reliability and Maintenance	
Reliability, availability and maintainability; distribution of failure and repair times;	8
determination of MTBF and MTTR, reliability models; system reliability determination;	
preventive maintenance and replacement, total productive maintenance - concept and	
applications.	
Production Planning and Inventory Control	8
Forecasting techniques - causal and time series models, moving average, exponential	
smoothing, trend and seasonality; aggregate production planning; master production	
scheduling; MRP-II and ERP; order control and flow control; routing, scheduling and priority	
dispatching; push and pull production systems, concept of JIT manufacturing system;	

logistics, distribution, and supply chain management; Inventory - functions, costs,	
classifications, deterministic and probabilistic inventory models, quantity discount; perpetual	
and periodic inventory control systems.	

Total=48

- 1. A. Barnes, Motion and Time Study, John Wiley & sons.
- 2. Dalela and Sourabh, Work Study and Ergonomics, Standard Publishers.
- 3. Ronald Mayer, Production Management, TMH.
- 4. Martand Telsang, Industrial Engineering & Management, S.Chand

Subject Code	: OEME-911 (B)
Title of the course	: ROBOTICS

Ι	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

**CO1:** Obtain knowledge and understand the basic concepts of industrial robotics, namely in terms of classification, kinematics, sensors, and typical applications

**CO2:** Understand the control techniques used for rehabilitation robots, namely force control

**CO3:** To acquire the knowledge on advanced algebraic tools for the description of motion

**CO4:** Design and implement control applications for autonomous mobile robots.

**CO5:** Understanding the dynamics of the manipulator.

CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):												
	Programme Outcomes (POs)											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO 4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	1	2	3	2	1	2	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
Avg.	3	2.6	2.8	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.8	2.2	1.6	2.2	2.4	2.8

Theory:

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Introduction	04
Evolution of robot and robotics, laws of robotics, robot anatomy: Links, joints, Degrees of freedom (DOF), Arm configuration, wrist configuration, end-effector.	
Coordinate Frame, Mapping and Transforms	08
Coordinate frames, description of objects in space, transformation of vectors, inverting a homogeneous transform, fundamental rotation matrices	
Kinematics	12
Denavit- Hartenberg Notation, kinematic relationship between adjacent links, Manipulator transformation matrix, Inverse kinematics. Linear and angular velocity of a rigid body, velocity propagation along links, manipulator jacobian	
Unit-II	
Dynamics	12
Two DOF manipulator- Dynamic Model, Lagrange-Euler Formulation: Velocity of a point on the manipulator, equation of motion, LE Dynamic Model algorithm, Newton-Euler Formulation: Newton equation, Euler's equation, Comparison of Lagrange-Euler and Newton-Euler Formulation	l
Control of manipulators	12
Robot control problems, Robotic Control strategies like PD, PID, computed torque control, Position control, force and impedance control Applications of standard control strategies. A METLAB tutorial on using the	

- Mittal and Nagrath, Robotics and Control, TMH.
   J.J. Craig, Introduction to Robotics, Pearson Education.
   Beer and Johnston, Vector mechanics, TMH.
- 4. Nise, Control System Engineering, Wiley.

Subject Code	: OEME- 911 (C)
Title of the course	: DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load		
3	0	0	3	3		

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of optimization.

CO2: Understand the basic concepts of experimentation analysis like selection of random variables.

CO3: Construct mathematical model for random phenomena like Null Hypothesis and Alternative Hypothesis.

**CO4:** Obtain engineering solutions based on statistical analysis like Factorial Design and Taguchi Method.

CO5: Analyze the variance like one-way ANOVA, two ways ANOVA, numerical on ANOVA, Z-test and T test

CO/PO Mapping: (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):												
		Programme Outcomes (POs)										
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	3	2	1	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	2	2	1	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	1	3	3	3	3
Avg.	3	3	3	3	2	1.8	2.2	1	2.6	2.2	1.8	2.4

Theory **Course Description** Lecture Unit-I 08 Introduction Brief introduction of optimization techniques, Strategy of experimentation, Basic principles of Design, Terminology used in Design of Experiment, Guidelines for designing experiments, Basic statistical concepts: Types of Data, Graphical representation of Data, Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion, Skewness. **Simple Comparative Experiments** 08 Sampling and sampling Distribution, Test of significance for single mean and for difference of means of two samples, Inferences about the Differences in means: randomized designs, Inferences about the Differences in means: Paired comparison Designs, Inferences about the Variances of Normal Distributions. Test of significance based on t, F and Chi square distribution. **Fitting Regression Models** 08 Introduction, Linear regression models, Estimate of parameters in linear regression models, The method of least square, Hypothesis testing: Null Hypothesis, Alternative Hypothesis, Prediction of new response observations, Testing for lack of fit. Unit-II **Factorial Design** 08 Basic definition and principles, Advantages of factorials, Types of factorial design: Full factor factorial design and fraction factorial design, Design Matrix, Development of mathematical model, Regression model diagnostics. Taguchi method 08 Introduction, Concept design, Parameter design, Tolerance design, Orthogonal array experiments Taguchi quality loss function, Signal-to Noise ratio, Quality characteristics, Parameter optimization experiment, Parameter design case study. Analysis Of Variance (ANOVA) 08

Introduction, One-way ANOVA process, Two-way ANOVA process, Degrees of freedom, Case studies on Factorial design, Taguchi Method and ANOVA.

Total=48

- 1. Douglas C Montgomery, Design and Analysis of Experiments, John Wiley
- 2. John P.W.M., Statistical Design and Analysis of Experiments, Macmillan,
- 3. Montgomery D.C., Runger G. C., Introduction to Linear Regression Analysis,
- 4. Taguchi, G., Introduction to Quality Engineering, Asian Productivity Organisation, UNIPUB, White Plains, New York
- 5. Taneja HC, Statistical Methods for Engineering and Sciences, IK International Publishing house Pvt Ltd.
- 6. J. Wesley Barnes, Statistical Analysis for Engineers and Scientists, McGraw Hill Inc.

Subject Code	: OEME-911(D)
Title of the course	: ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- CO1: To apply knowledge leaned on AM and RE technologies for product development.
- **CO2:** Demonstrate comprehensive knowledge of the broad range of AM processes, devices, capabilities and materials that are available. •
- **CO3:** To know the principle methods, areas of usage, possibilities and limitations as well as environmental effects of the Additive Manufacturing technologies
- **CO4**: To analyse principles behind AM and RE techniques, and to be fluent in selecting additive manufacturing processes, devices and materials to suit product requirements.
- **CO5**: To be familiar with the characteristics of the different materials those are used in Additive Manufacturing.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
					Pro	gramme	Outcome	es (POs)				
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	2	3	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	3	3	1	1	2	1	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	2	1	3	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	2	1	3	3	2	3	1	3	3	3	3
Avg.	3	2.6	2.2	2.4	2.8	2.2	1.8	2.2	2.8	2.2	2.4	3

#### Theory:

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Introduction	10
Additive Manufacturing: Overview, History, Need and Classification, Prototype Fundamentals, Additive	
Manufacturing Concepts in product development, Materials for Additive Manufacturing Technology, Data	
Interfacing for Additive Manufacturing.	
Liquid Based and Solid Based Additive Manufacturing Systems	10
Classification, Liquid based system, Stereolithography Apparatus (SLA): Principle, process, advantages and	
applications, Solid based system, Fused Deposition Modeling: Principle, process, advantages and	
applications, Laminated Object Manufacturing.	
Powder Based Additive Manufacturing Systems	10
Selective Laser Sintering: Principles, Process, advantages and applications, Three-Dimensional Printing:	
Principle, process, advantages and applications. Laser Engineered Net Shaping (LENS), Electron Beam	
Melting. Evaluation and Comparison of AM Technologies; AM Technologies in Research	
Unit 2	
Reverse Engineering	12
Introduction to Reverse Engineering, Data Capturing Technologies, Model Reconstruction, Data Processing	
for Additive Manufacturing Technology: CAD model preparation, Part Orientation and support generation,	
Model Slicing, Tool path Generation., RE-AM integration. Softwares for Additive Manufacturing	
Technology: MIMICS, MAGICS.	
Additive Manufacturing and Reverse Engineering in Industrial Applications	06
Applications of Additive Manufacturing in Manufacturing and Tooling, Customized implants and prosthesis:	
Design and production. Bio-Additive Manufacturing- Biomedical Applications of AM: Medical, Biomedical,	

Dental, Bio-printing, Tissue & Organ Engineering and many others- Computer Aided Tissue Engineering (CATE): Case studies.

Total=48

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Chua C.K., Leong K.F., and Lim C.S, Rapid Prototyping: Principles and applications, Third Edition, World Scientific Publishers, 2010.
- 2. C. K. Chua, and K. F. Leong, 3D Printing and Additive Manufacturing: Principles and Applications, 3rd Edition, World Scientific Publishing Company, 2014
- 3. K.G. Cooper, Rapid Prototyping Technology: Selection and Application, Marcel Dekker, 2001
- 4. Gebhardt A, Rapid prototyping, Hanser Gardener Publications, 2003.
- 5. Liou L.W. and Liou F.W, Rapid Prototyping and Engineering applications : A tool box for prototype development, CRC Press, 2007.
- 6. Kamrani A.K. and Nasr E.A, Rapid Prototyping: Theory and practice, Springer, 2006.
- 7. Hilton P.D. and Jacobs P.F, Rapid Tooling: Technologies and Industrial Applications, CRC press, 2000.
- 8. W.M. Steen, Laser Material Processing, 2nd Edition, Springer, 1998.

#### Journals and Magazines:

- Rapid Prototyping Journal, Emerald
- Computer Aided Design, Elsevier
- International Journal of Advanced Manufacturing Technology, Springer
- International Journal of Computer Integrated Manufacturing, Taylor and Francis
- Virtual and Physical Prototyping, Taylor and Francis.

Subject Code	: OEME-911 (E)
Title of the course	: COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN (CAD)

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

**CO1:** Create the different wireframe primitives using parametric representations.

**CO2:** Create surface primitives using parametric modeling. **CO3:** Create the different solid primitives using the different representation schemes.

**CO4:** Apply geometric transformations on the created wireframe, surface and solid models.

CO5: Impart advanced education in the fields of design

	CO/	PO Mapp	oing : (St	rong(S)	/ Mediun	n(M) / W	eak(W) i	ndicates	strength	of correla	tion):	
	Programme Outcomes (POs)											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	2	1	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	3
CO3	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	3
CO4	3	3	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	3
CO5	2	1	1	2	2	3	2	3	2	1	2	3
Avg.	2.8	2.4	1.8	2	2	2.2	1.8	1.4	2	1	1.6	3

## Theory:

Course Description	Lectures
UNIT I	
Introduction	06
Definitions, Historical Development. Geometric Modeling, Nameable and Unnamable shapes,	
Explicit and Implicit Equations, Intrinsic Equations, Parametric Equations, Coordinate Systems.	
Design of Curves	10
Algebraic and Geometric Forms, Parametric space of a curve, Blending functions,	
Reparametrization, Truncating, Extending and subdividing, Space curve, Four point form,	
Straight lines, Spline Curves, Bezier Curves, B-spline Curves, Rational Polynomials, introduction	
to NURBS	
Design of Surfaces	08
Algebraic and Geometric form, Tangent and Twist Vectors, Normal, Parametric space of a	
surface, Blending Functions, Reparametrization of a surface patch, subdividing, Sixteen Point	
form, Four Curve Form, Plane surface, Cylindrical Surface, Ruled surface, Surface of Revolution.	
Bezier Surface, B-Spline Surface.	
UNIT II	
Solid Modeling Fundamentals	08
Topology of Closed Paths, Piecewise flat surfaces, topology of closed curved surfaces,	
Generalized Concept of boundary, Set theory, Boolean operators, Set-membership Classification,	
Euler operators, Formal Modeling Criteria, Constructive Solid Geometry, Boundary	
Representation.	
Transformations	06
Translation, Rotation, Scaling Symmetry and Reflection, Homogeneous Transformations.	
Orthographic Projections, Axonometric Projections, Oblique Projections, Perspective	
Transformation	
Introduction to Assembly-modeling	05

Introduction to assembly, Analytical Properties, Relational Properties and intersections, Data	
transfer formats.	
Applications	05
Implementation of the algorithms on MATLAB, Construction of Solid and Surface Models on	
any of the high end solid modelers (IDEAS / ProE and Imageware Surfacer).	
	Total=48

- 1. Michael E. Mortension ,Geometric Modeling, John Wiley.
- 2. Zeid, I., CAD/CAM, McGraw Hill (2008).
- 3. Rogers, D. F. and Adams, J. A., Mathematical Elements for Computer Graphics, McGraw Hill (1989).
- 4. Rogers, D. F., Procedural Elements for Computer Graphics, McGraw Hill (2008).
- 5. Rooney, J. and Steadman, P., Principles of Computer Aided Design, prentice Hall (1988).
- 6. Rooney, J. and Steadman, P., Computer Aided Design, Pitman/Open University (1987).
- 7. Mallineuse, G., Computational Concepts and Methods, Kogan Page Ltd. (1986)

## Subject Code: OEME-911 (F)Title of the course: PRODUCT DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Understand the prerequisites of the product design & development, concept of product life cycle, including PLM framework, product data management, system integration and quality issues.
- **CO2:** Apply the concept of value engineering and value analysis to product design & development.
- **CO3:** Understand the underlying issues on material and process selection for product design & development.
- **CO4:** Apply the concept of design for manufacture and assembly, incorporating other life cycle issues at the design stage.
- **CO5**: Understand the principles of engineering ethics and liability issues; and apply the basic tools of design protection.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
<i></i>					Pro	gramme	Outcome	es (POs)				
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO3	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	1	3
CO5	1	2	1	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	1	3
Avg.	2.6	2.6	2.2	2	2	2.4	1.8	2.6	2.2	2.2	1.4	3

#### Theory:

Course Description	Lecture
UNIT I	
Stages in Design process	07
Introduction to various stages of the design process: Identify Customer Needs, establish target	
specifications, Generate and Test Product concept, Final Specifications, Product architecture,	
Industrial Design, Case study.	
Product life cycle	08
New product introduction: early introduction, increased product life. Product Lifecycle Management: Product information, PLM framework, Enabling technologies, Product data management (PDM), Functions of PDM software. System integration, QFD, House of quality, Case studies.	
Value engineering	05
Introduction, nature and measurement of value, Value analysis job plan, Creativity and techniques	
of creativity, Value analysis test, Case studies	
Concurrent/ reverse engineering	04
Introduction, basic principles, components, benefits of concurrent engineering. Concept of reverse engineering.	
UNIT II	
Design for Manufacture	06
Product design for life-cycle, concurrent engineering, Design for Excellence (DFX), design for manufacture, rule-based and plan based DFM, automated manufacturability assessment, Automated manufacturability assessment.	
Product Assembly & Testing	06

Product design for a given need or identified need, Development and evaluation of multiple	
solutions and concepts, Manufacturability assessments of given design, Product Costing and Bill	
of Materials, Process planning for components and assembly, Product manufacturing and Testing.	
Establishing techno-economic feasibility product testing and Management Studies test marketing.	
Product Management	07
Commonly used DFX tools including, QFD, POKA YOKE, FMEA, Design for manual assembly	
and automated assembly, design for environment, Industrial and real-life case studies of DFX.	
product manager-functions and tasks-tools and techniques. Brand extensions, acquisitions, Brand	
value, Consumer insight. Strategies brand management.	
Patents, liability and ethics	05
Introduction, Protecting your design: patents, copyright, basic tools of design protection. Liability	
issues in product design. Ethical considerations, Examples/ case studies	
	Total-49

Total=48

- 1. Karl T. Ulrich, Steven D. Eppinger, Product Design & Development, Mc GrawHill.
- 2. John M. Usher, Utpal Roy and H. R. Parasaei, Integrated Product and Process Development, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. G. Boothroyd, P. Dewhurst and W. Knight, Product Design for Manufacture and Assembly, Marcel Dekker.
- 4. A. K. Chitale and R. C. Gupta, Product Design and Manufacture, PHI.
- 5. Mahmoud M. Farag, Selection of Materials and Manufacturing Processes for Engineering Design, Printice Hall.
- 6. M. F. Ashby, Material Selection in Mechanical Design, Elsevier.
- 7. Biren Prasad, Concurrent Engineering, Prentice Hall.

Subject Code	: OEME-911 (G)
Title of the course	: QUALITY MANAGEMENT

L	T P		Credits	Weekly Load		
3	0	0	3	3		

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

CO1: Apply various 7 QC tools in practical applications.

**CO2:** Conduct quality performance measurements of any firm

**CO3:** Apply the QFD technique in product development

**CO4:** Conduct of Quality Audit and Reporting in an organization.

**CO5**: Select statistical tools of quality control tools.

	CO/PO Mapping: (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):												
	Programme Outcomes (POs)												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	
Avg.	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	

#### Theory:

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Introduction	8
Attributes of Quality, Evolution of Philosophy of Quality Management	
Total Quality Management	8
Quality Assurance and Total Quality Management, Models of Quality Management, Customer Value Enhancement, Product Quality Improvement	
Unit-II	
Quality Improvement Tools	20
QFD, Taguchi Methods, 7 QC tools, Statistical Process Control, Acceptance Sampling, Service Quality, Tools and Techniques of Service Quality Improvement, Quality Costs, Strategic Quality Planning, Quality in Non-Manufacturing Activities: Finance, Marketing, Human Resource Management, Administration, Quality System Implementation	
Quality Management Systems	
ISO 9000, Quality Information Systems, ISO 14000, Quality Audit & Reporting, Human Resource Management in TQM Environment, Case Studies	12
	Fotal=48

- 1. S.P.Singh, Vikas, Production and Operation Management, Publishers, Delhi
- 2. Grant & Leave worth, Statistical Quality Control, McGraw Hill
- 3. J.R. Taylor, Quality Control Systems, McGraw-Hill
- 4. M.Mhajan, Statistical Quality Control, Dhanpat Rai.
- 5. A.V. Taylor, Total Quality Control, McGraw-Hill.
- 6. Ravi Shankar, Industrial Engineering & Management, McGraw-Hill
- 7. Arvind Jayant, Industrial Engineering & Operation Management, Stadium International Press

# Subject Code:OEME-911(H)Title of the course:SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load
3	0	0	3	3

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

CO1: Knowledge gain about supply chain management concept

CO2: Conduct performance measurements of any supply chain.

**CO3:** Capable to apply the SCM philosophy in the industry.

CO4: Conduct of inventory management at inbound & outbound supply chain level

CO5: Understand the framework and scope of supply chain networks and functions.

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
<i></i>	Programme Outcomes (POs)											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	2	2	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	3	2	3
Avg.	3	3	3	3	3	1.4	1.6	1.4	2.2	2.6	2.4	3

Theory:

Course Description	Lecture
Unit-I	
Introduction	12
Role of Logistics and Supply chain Management: Scope and Importance, Evolution of Supply Chain, Decision Phases in Supply Chain, Competitive and Supply chain Strategies, Drivers of Supply Chain Performance and Obstacles.	
Supply Chain Network Design	12
Role of Distribution in Supply Chain, Factors influencing Distribution network design, Design options for Distribution Network Distribution Network in Practice-Role of network Design in Supply Chain, Framework for network Decisions	
Unit-II	
Logistics in Supply Chain	08
Role of transportation in supply chain, factors affecting transportations decision, Design option for transportation network, Tailored transportation, Routing and scheduling in transportation	
Sourcing and Coordination in Supply Chain	08
Role of sourcing supply chain supplier selection assessment and contracts, Design Collaboration, sourcing planning and analysis, supply chain co-ordination, Bull whip effect. Effect of lack of co-ordination in supply chain and obstacles, Building strategic partnerships and trust within a supply chain	
Supply Chain and Information Technology	08
The role IT in supply chain, The supply chain IT frame work, Customer Relationship Management Internal supply chain management, supplier relationship management, future of IT in supply chain, E- Business in supply chain	

Total=48

- 1. Sunil Chopra, Peter meindl and Kalra, Supply Chain Management, Strategy, Planning, and operation, Pearson Education, 2010.
- Srinivasan G.S, Quantitative models in Operations and Supply Chain Management, PHI, 2010.
   James B.Ayers, Handbook of Supply chain management, St.Lucle press, 2000.

Subject	t Code		: OEME-911 (I)						
Title of	f the cou	irse	: FLEXIBLE MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS (FMS)						
L	Т	Р	Credits	Weekly Load					
3	0	0	3	3					

After successful completion of course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Understand the importance of Flexibility in manufacturing systems.
- **CO2:** Analyze the different types of manufacturing systems and different equipments involved in these systems.
- **CO3**: Learn, understand, identify and predict about different types of design and opearional problems in these manufacturing systems.
- **CO4:** Understand the concept of .group technology.
- CO5: Learn, calculate the solution methodology of FMS related manufacturing issues

	CO/PO Mapping : (Strong(S) / Medium(M) / Weak(W) indicates strength of correlation):											
<b>G</b> 0	Programme Outcomes (POs)											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	1	1	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	1	1	2	1	3
CO3	3	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2
CO4	2	3	1	2	3	3	3	1	1	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	1	3	1	2
Avg.	2.6	2.8	2.2	2.6	2.2	2.8	2.6	1.2	1.2	2.4	1	2.6

Course Description	Lecture(s)
Unit-I	
Introduction	10
FMS definition and classification of manufacturing systems, automated production cycle,	
Need of flexibility, Concept of flexibility, Types of flexibilities and its measurement.	
FMS Equipment	14
Why FMS, Factors responsible for the growth of FMS, FMS types and applications, Economic	
justification for FMS, Functional requirements for FMS equipments, FMS processing and QA	
equipment, e.g., turning and machining centers, Co-ordinate measuring machines, Cleaning	
and deburring machines, FMS system support equipment, Automated material handling and	
storage equipment, cutting tool and tool management, Work holding considerations, Fixture	
considerations in FMS environment	
Unit-II	
Group Technology	08
GT concepts, Advantages of GT, Part family formation-coding and classification systems;	
Partmachine group analysis, Methods for cell formation, Use of different algorithms,	
mathematical programming and graph theoretic model approach for part grouping, Cellular	
vs FMS production.	
FMS related problem and Solution Methodology	14
FMS design problems: Part assignment, Machine selection, Storage system selection,	
Selection of pallets and fixtures, Selection of computer hardware and software, designing for	
layout integration of machine storage, Material handling System and computer system,	
Communication networks. FMS planning problems: Strategic planning, Part type selection,	
Machine grouping, production ratio and resource allocation, Machine loading	
problems.Operational & Control problems: Part scheduling, Machines robots & AGVS,	
Process monitoring & control.FMS Implementation: Objectives, acceptance testing,	
Performance goals and expectation maintenance concerns	

#### Total=48

- 1. Groover Englewood, Automation, Production System & Computer Integrated Manufacturing
- 2. Rankey, Design and Operation of SMS, IFS
- 3. Wernecks, Flexible Manufacturing System, Spring Verlag.
- 4. Bonctto Northox, FMS in Practice, Ford
- W.W. Luggen, Flexible Manufacturing Cells and systems, Prentice Hall India.
   Vishwanathan & Narahari, Performance Modelling of Automated Manufacturing Systems, Prentice Hall India